

The Alcohol and Gaming Regulation Act, 1997

being

Chapter A-18.011* of the *Statutes of Saskatchewan, 1997* (February 1, 2003) as amended by the *Statutes of Saskatchewan, 1998, c.16; 2000, c.36; 2002, c.27 and 42; 2003, c.15; 2004, c.67; 2005, c.3 and 21; 2007, c.10; 2008, c.8; 2010, c.25; 2013, c.P-38.01, c.2 and c.29; and 2014, c.7 and c.11.*

***NOTE:** Pursuant to subsection 33(1) of *The Interpretation Act, 1995*, the Consequential Amendment sections, schedules and/or tables within this Act have been removed. Upon coming into force, the consequential amendments contained in those sections became part of the enactment(s) that they amend, and have thereby been incorporated into the corresponding Acts. Please refer to the Separate Chapter to obtain consequential amendment details and specifics.

NOTE:

This consolidation is not official. Amendments have been incorporated for convenience of reference and the original statutes and regulations should be consulted for all purposes of interpretation and application of the law. In order to preserve the integrity of the original statutes and regulations, errors that may have appeared are reproduced in this consolidation.

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CHAPTER A-18.011

An Act respecting the Regulation of Alcohol and Gaming

PART I

Short Title and Interpretation

Short title

1 This Act may be cited as *The Alcohol and Gaming Regulation Act, 1997*.

Interpretation

2 In this Act:

“**authority**” means the Liquor and Gaming Authority continued pursuant to section 3; (*«régie»*)

“**beer**” means a beverage obtained by the alcoholic fermentation of an infusion or decoction of barley, malt or hops or of any similar product in drinkable water; (*«bière»*)

“**beverage alcohol**” means an intoxicating substance that may be used as a food or beverage and includes:

- (a) beer, wine and spirituous, fermented and malt liquor;
- (b) any combinations of food or beverages or either of them containing a substance that is intoxicating; (*«boisson alcoolisée»*)

“**certificate of registration**” means a certificate of registration granted pursuant to section 146; (*«certificat d’inscription»*)

“**commission**” means the Liquor and Gaming Licensing Commission continued pursuant to section 21; (*«commission»*)

“**container**” means a bottle or other receptacle or container used for holding beverage alcohol and includes a jug, keg, cask, barrel or can; (*«contenant»*)

“**Crown**” means the Crown in right of Saskatchewan; (*« Couronne »*)

“**dentist**” means the holder of a valid licence issued pursuant to *The Dental Profession Act, 1978*; (*«dentiste»*)

“**endorsement**” means an endorsement to a permit granting additional rights with respect to the sale of beverage alcohol; (*«mention»*)

“**exhibition casino operator**” means the board of a fair or of an exhibition that is authorized by the authority in accordance with section 207 of the *Criminal Code* to conduct and manage a lottery scheme in Saskatchewan; (*« exploitant de casino d’une exposition »*)

“First Nation gaming licensing authority” means any First Nation organization that is incorporated, continued or registered pursuant to *The Non-profit Corporations Act, 1995* and authorized by the Lieutenant Governor in Council in accordance with section 207 of the *Criminal Code* to regulate and license on-reserve charitable gaming, and includes Indigenous Gaming Regulators Inc.; (« *Régie des jeux de hasard de Première nation* »)

“franchise” means a franchise for the sale of beverage alcohol granted by the authority pursuant to section 104; (« *franchise* »)

“gaming director” means an individual who is a director of:

- (a) a corporation that has entered into an agreement with the authority for the purposes mentioned in clause 15(4)(c); or
- (b) the Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation; (« *directeur des jeux de hasard* »)

“gaming employee” means, subject to the regulations, an individual who, for compensation or the promise of compensation, is employed by:

- (a) a supplier;
- (b) a person licensed pursuant to section 207 of the *Criminal Code*;
- (c) a person who has entered into an agreement with the authority for the purposes mentioned in clause 15(4)(c); or
- (d) the Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation; (« *préposé aux jeux de hasard* »)

“gaming equipment” means any device that, in the authority’s opinion:

- (a) could influence the outcome of a lottery scheme; or
- (b) is integral to the operation or conduct and management of a lottery scheme; (« *équipement de jeux de hasard* »)

“gaming establishment” means any premises in which a lottery scheme is licensed to operate; (« *établissement de jeux de hasard* »)

“gaming regulator” means any person or class of persons prescribed in the regulations as a gaming regulator; (« *autorité chargée de la réglementation des jeux de hasard* »)

“gaming supplies or services” means:

- (a) the provision of the use or possession of a gaming establishment if the owner of the gaming establishment has an interest in the operation or conduct and management of a lottery scheme carried on in the gaming establishment;
- (b) the sale, rental, lease, gift, exchange, loan, printing, publication, distribution or manufacturing of any gaming supplies, including any lot, card, ticket, paper, slip, symbol, token, coin, machine, device, equipment or game;
- (c) the provision of management or consulting services with respect to the operation or conduct and management of a lottery scheme;

- (d) the provision, distribution, installation, maintenance or repair of a surveillance or security system for any premises kept for the operation or conduct and management of a lottery scheme;
- (e) the manufacture, provision, distribution, installation, maintenance or repair of gaming equipment;
- (f) the provision of gaming employees;
- (g) the provision of training to persons in the installation or maintenance of gaming equipment, in the operation or playing of a lottery scheme or in any other gaming-related aspect of the operation or conduct and management of a lottery scheme; or
- (h) the provision of any other supplies or services that, in the authority's opinion:
 - (i) could influence the outcome of a lottery scheme; or
 - (ii) are integral to the operation or conduct and management of a lottery scheme; («*fournitures pour jeux de hasard ou services relatifs aux jeux de hasard*»)

“**horse racing**” means any race in which horses participate that is a qualifying race or a race on which *pari-mutuel* betting is conducted; («*course de chevaux*»)

“**horse-racing licence**” means a licence issued pursuant to clause 17(2)(c); («*licence de courses de chevaux*»)

“**horse-racing registration**” means a registration granted pursuant to clause 17(2)(e); («*inscription de courses de chevaux*»)

“**Indian band**” means a band as defined in the *Indian Act* (Canada); («*bande indienne*»)

“**justice**” means a justice of the peace or a provincial court judge; («*juge de paix*»)

“**licence**”, except where otherwise provided, means a licence issued pursuant to section 207 of the *Criminal Code*, but does not include an on-reserve charitable gaming licence or a horse-racing licence; («*licence*»)

“**licensee**” means a person who holds a licence and who is named in the licence; («*titulaire de licence*»)

“**local authority**” means a local authority specified by the Lieutenant Governor in Council pursuant to section 207 of the *Criminal Code* for the issuance of licences pursuant to that section; («*autorité locale*»)

“**lottery scheme**” means a lottery scheme within the meaning of section 207 of the *Criminal Code*; («*loterie*»)

“**manufacturer**” means a brewer or distiller duly licensed by the Government of Canada or a wine manufacturer duly conforming to the laws of Canada; («*fabricant*»)

“**minister**” means, except in sections 107.1 and 139, the member of the Executive Council to whom for the time being the administration of this Act is assigned; (*«ministre»*)

“**minor**” a person who is under 19 years of age; (*«mineur»*)

“**non-gaming supplies or services**” means any supplies or services other than gaming supplies or services; (*«fournitures ou services non destinés aux jeux de hasard»*)

“**officer**” means a police officer, constable or enforcement officer and includes any person appointed pursuant to section 10; (*«agent»*)

“**on-reserve charitable gaming**” means bingo events, raffles and break-open lotteries, all as defined in *The Gaming Regulations, 2002*, that are conducted on a reserve pursuant to an on-reserve charitable gaming licence; (*«jeux de hasard caritatifs en réserve»*)

“**on-reserve charitable gaming licence**” means a licence respecting on-reserve charitable gaming that is issued by a First Nation gaming licensing authority in accordance with the authority delegated to that First Nation gaming licensing authority by the Lieutenant Governor in Council; (*«licence de jeux de hasard caritatifs en réserve»*)

“**permit**” means a permit issued pursuant to this Act or the regulations for the possession, sale, keeping for sale, use, importation or manufacture of beverage alcohol; (*«permis»*)

“**permitted premises**” means the premises for which a permit is issued, except premises mentioned in a permit to:

- (a) sell or consume beverage alcohol at a special occasion;
- (b) manufacture alcohol;
- (c) carry on a u-brew or u-vin operation; or
- (d) operate a catering business that may serve and sell beverage alcohol at catered events; (*«lieu visé par un permis»*)

“**permittee**” means a person to whom a permit is issued pursuant to this Act or the regulations; (*«titulaire de permis»*)

“**pharmacist**” means the holder of a valid licence issued pursuant to *The Pharmacy Act, 1996*; (*«pharmacien»*)

“**physician**” means a duly qualified medical practitioner; (*«médecin»*)

“**racetrack**” means any place in Saskatchewan where any form of horse racing is or may be carried on and includes the track, grounds, stables, grandstands, parking areas, offices and adjacent places used in connection with horse racing; (*«hippodrome»*)

“**registrant**” means a person to whom a certificate of registration has been granted for the purpose of working or acting as:

- (a) a gaming employee;
- (b) a gaming regulator;
- (c) a supplier; or
- (d) a gaming director; (« *inscrit* »)

“**reserve**” means a reserve as defined in the *Indian Act* (Canada); (« *réserve* »)

“**reviewable endorsement**” means an endorsement prescribed in the regulations as being subject to review by the commission; (« *mention révisable* »)

“**sale**” includes:

- (a) the exchange, barter and traffic of beverage alcohol; and
- (b) the selling, supplying or distributing of beverage alcohol to any person by any means; (« *vente* »)

“**Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation**” means the Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation established pursuant to *The Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation Act*; (« *Société des jeux de hasard de la Saskatchewan* »)

“**Saskatchewan Indian Gaming Authority**” means the organization that:

- (a) is incorporated, continued or registered as the Saskatchewan Indian Gaming Authority Inc. pursuant to *The Non-profit Corporations Act, 1995*; and
- (b) has entered into an agreement with the authority to operate casinos in Saskatchewan; (« *Régie des jeux de hasard des Autochtones de la Saskatchewan* »)

“**store**” means a store established by the authority; (« *magasin* »)

“**supplier**” means a person who, for compensation or the promise of compensation, either alone or through a registered gaming employee or agent, supplies or distributes gaming supplies or services or non-gaming supplies or services to another for the operation or conduct and management of a lottery scheme, but does not include a person who has no interest in the operation or conduct and management of the lottery scheme other than to provide an interest in or the use or possession of the premises in which the lottery scheme is operated; (« *fournisseur* »)

“**u-brew or u-vin operation**” means an operation that:

- (a) is carried on in premises for which a permit has been issued; and
- (b) provides goods, facilities or services to persons manufacturing beer, wine or beer and wine for their own consumption or for consumption by others at no charge; (« *brasserie libre-service ou vinerie libre-service* »)

“**vehicle**” means vehicle as defined in *The Traffic Safety Act*; («*véhicule*»)

“**wine**” means an alcoholic beverage obtained by the fermentation of the natural sugar content of fruits or other agricultural products containing sugar, including honey and milk. («*vin*»)

1997, c.A-18.011, s.2; 2000, c.36, s.3; 2002, c.42, s.3; 2003, c.15, s.3; 2004, c.67, s.2; 2005, c.21, s.2; 2005, c.3, s.3 and s.4; 2007, c.10, s.3; 2008, c.8, s.3; 2013, c.2, s.3; 2014, c.7, s.3.

PART II
The Liquor and Gaming Authority
 DIVISION 1
Continuation and Purpose

Authority continued

- 3(1) The Liquor and Gaming Authority is continued as a corporation consisting of the persons appointed as members by the Lieutenant Governor in Council.
- (2) The Lieutenant Governor in Council may create a seal for the authority.
- (3) The authority shall:
- (a) pay to the members of the authority the remuneration determined by the Lieutenant Governor in Council; and
 - (b) reimburse members of the authority for travelling and living expenses at rates established by the Public Service Commission.
- (4) Every member of the authority holds office at pleasure and, notwithstanding the expiry of any term designated by the Lieutenant Governor in Council for the member, continues to hold office until his or her successor is appointed.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.3.

Act to be administered by authority

- 4(1) The authority shall administer this Act.
- (2) The authority is responsible to the minister in the performance of its responsibilities and the exercise of its powers.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.4.

Agent of the Crown

- 5 The authority:
- (a) is for all its purposes an agent of the Crown and may exercise its powers pursuant to this Act only as an agent of the Crown;
 - (b) has capacity to contract and to sue and be sued in its name respecting any right acquired or obligation incurred by it on behalf of the Crown as if the right or obligation had been acquired or incurred on its own behalf;

(c) may sue respecting any tort, and may be sued respecting any liabilities in tort, to the extent to which the Crown is subject by reason of *The Proceedings against the Crown Act*; and

(d) may contract in the authority's name on behalf of the Crown without specific reference to the Crown.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.5.

Head office

6 The head office of the authority is to be at any place in Saskatchewan designated by the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.6.

DIVISION 2

Directors, Committees and Employees

Board of directors

7(1) A board of directors of the authority, consisting of those persons who are appointed as members of the authority, shall manage the affairs and business of the authority.

(2) The authority may do any act or thing pursuant to this Act by way of a resolution of the board of directors.

(3) The Lieutenant Governor in Council may designate one of the members of the board of directors as chairperson and another member as vice-chairperson.

(4) Where the chairperson is absent or unable to act or the office of chairperson is vacant, the vice-chairperson or, in the absence of the vice-chairperson, any other member may act in the place of the chairperson.

(5) All acts performed by the vice-chairperson or a member pursuant to subsection (4) have the same force and effect as if they had been performed by the chairperson.

(6) The Lieutenant Governor in Council may fix the number of members of the board of directors that constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business at meetings of the board of directors.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.7.

Executive committee

8(1) The board of directors may:

(a) appoint from its number an executive committee; and

(b) delegate to the executive committee any powers that it considers necessary for the efficient conduct of the affairs and business of the authority.

- (2) A member of the executive committee holds office until he or she:
 - (a) is removed by the board of directors; or
 - (b) has ceased to be a member of the board of directors.
- (3) The executive committee may exercise any powers of the board of directors that are delegated to it by resolution of the board of directors, subject to any restrictions contained in the resolution.
- (4) The executive committee shall:
 - (a) fix its quorum at not less than a majority of its members;
 - (b) keep minutes of its proceedings; and
 - (c) submit to the board of directors, at each meeting of the board of directors, the minutes of the executive committee's proceedings during the period since the most recent meeting of the board of directors.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.8.

Advisory committees

- 9 The board of directors may:
 - (a) appoint any advisory committees that it considers necessary for the efficient conduct of the affairs and business of the authority;
 - (b) set out the duties of any committee appointed pursuant to clause (a); and
 - (c) fix the remuneration and allowances for expenses of members of any committee appointed pursuant to clause (a).

1997, c.A-18.011, s.9.

Employees

- 10(1) The authority shall appoint a person to be the chief executive officer of the authority who shall have supervision over and direction of the work of the staff of the authority.
- (2) The authority may:
 - (a) employ persons required for the administration of its responsibilities pursuant to this Act, the regulations and the rules of horse racing and may determine their respective powers, duties, terms of employment and remuneration;
 - (b) engage the services of experts and persons having special technical or other knowledge;
 - (c) appoint persons or categories of persons for the purpose of enforcing all, or any provision, of this Act, the regulations and the rules of horse racing respecting all, or any geographic area, of Saskatchewan;
 - (d) appoint any person to conduct investigations for the purposes of this Act, the regulations and the rules of horse racing; and

(e) delegate to any employee of the authority any or all of its powers, including the power to issue, grant, refuse, suspend or cancel permits, horse-racing licences and certificates of registration and the power to assess penalties pursuant to section 39.1.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.10; 1998, c.16, s.3.

Conflict of interest

11(1) A member or an employee of the authority, as owner, part owner, partner, member of a syndicate, shareholder, agent or employee, whether for his or her own benefit or in a fiduciary capacity for another person, shall not:

- (a) be directly or indirectly interested or engaged in any business or undertaking dealing in beverage alcohol;
- (b) be any of the following:
 - (i) a registrant, other than as a gaming regulator;
 - (ii) a licensee;
 - (iii) a holder of a horse-racing licence;
 - (iv) a holder of a horse-racing registration;
 - (v) a permittee;
- (c) be directly or indirectly interested or engaged in any business or undertaking with a registrant, licensee or permittee or any business or undertaking that is associated with a registrant, licensee or permittee;
- (d) be directly or indirectly interested or engaged in any business or undertaking that is associated with the Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation;
- (e) be directly or indirectly interested or engaged in any business or undertaking dealing in:
 - (i) gaming supplies or services; or
 - (ii) non-gaming supplies or services that are used in the operation or conduct and management of a lottery scheme;
- (f) be directly or indirectly interested or engaged in any business or undertaking dealing in horse racing or racetracks; or
- (g) be directly or indirectly interested or engaged in any business or undertaking with a holder of a horse-racing licence or holder of a horse-racing registration or any business or undertaking that is associated with a holder of a horse-racing licence or holder of a horse-racing registration.

(2) The authority may waive any of the provisions of subsection (1) respecting an employee where it appears to the authority that the interest of the employee will not affect his or her ability to carry out his or her duties.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.11; 2002, c.42, s.4; 2014, c.7, s.4.

DIVISION 3
Powers and Responsibilities

Responsibilities

12 The authority is responsible for the regulation and control of:

- (a) the manufacture of beverage alcohol in Saskatchewan;
- (b) the importation of beverage alcohol into Saskatchewan;
- (c) the possession, sale and delivery of beverage alcohol in Saskatchewan by any person;
- (d) lottery schemes in Saskatchewan;
- (e) horse racing and racetracks in Saskatchewan.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.12; 2008, c.8, s.4.

Powers respecting property and agreements

13(1) In accordance with this Act and the regulations, the authority may:

- (a) with the approval of the Lieutenant Governor in Council:
 - (i) purchase or sell any land;
 - (ii) purchase, construct or sell any buildings;
- (b) lease any land, building, furnishings or equipment;
- (c) purchase or dispose of any furnishings, equipment and supplies;
- (d) lease to another person any land, buildings, furnishings, equipment or supplies;
- (e) cause any property owned or leased by it to be insured against loss from any cause;
- (f) enter into agreements with any person, agency, organization, association, institution or body;
 - (f.1) develop, promote or support activities or programs that are designed to encourage responsible consumption of beverage alcohol or responsible participation in gaming;
 - (f.2) subject to subsection (2), make grants to any person, agency, organization, association, institution or body for the purposes mentioned in clause (f.1), on any terms and conditions that the authority considers appropriate;
 - (f.3) subject to subsection (2), make a grant in lieu of any taxes owed to any municipality in which the authority owns real property, on any terms and conditions that the authority considers appropriate;

(f.4) subject to subsection (2), make grants to any of the following on any terms and conditions that the authority considers appropriate:

- (i) a charitable or religious organization that:
 - (A) has been issued a licence pursuant to clause 207(1)(b) of the *Criminal Code* by the authority or a First Nation gaming licensing authority; and
 - (B) has satisfactorily complied with the terms and conditions of the licence mentioned in paragraph (A) in the opinion of the authority;
- (ii) Hospitals of Regina Foundation Inc.;
- (iii) Royal University Hospital Foundation Inc.;
- (iv) St. Paul's Hospital Foundation Inc.;
- (v) Saskatoon City Hospital Foundation Inc.;
- (g) perform any other duties that may be designated by the Lieutenant Governor in Council; and
- (h) do any other things the authority considers advisable or necessary for the purpose of carrying out the intent of this Act.

(2) The authority shall obtain the approval of the Lieutenant Governor in Council before making each grant pursuant to clause (1)(f.2), (f.3) or (f.4) that is greater than \$50,000 in any fiscal year of the authority.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.13; 2002, c.42, s.5; 2005, c.3, s.5; 2007, c.10, s.4.

Powers respecting sales and stores

14 In accordance with this Act and the regulations, the authority may:

- (a) purchase, import and have in its possession and sell beverage alcohol, and furnish stocks of beverage alcohol to stores, franchises and permittees;
- (b) determine the location, construction, accommodation, furnishings, equipment, operation and management of its stores, franchises and warehouses;
- (c) determine the places in which its stores, franchises and warehouses are to be established and have the general control, management and supervision of those stores and warehouses in Saskatchewan;
- (d) determine the days and hours that stores and franchises are to be kept open for the sale of beverage alcohol;
- (e) where it has established a store or franchise, close the store or revoke the franchise for any reason it considers sufficient;

- (f) fix the prices at which any class, variety or brand of beverage alcohol may be sold by the authority and provide for the making and distribution of price lists for each class, variety or brand of beverage alcohol to be kept for sale pursuant to this Act; and
- (g) limit the area where a franchise may sell beverage alcohol to a permittee.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.14.

Powers respecting lottery schemes

15(1) The authority may act as a registrant.

(2) With the approval of the Lieutenant Governor in Council, and in accordance with any directions that the Lieutenant Governor in Council may prescribe, the authority may conduct and manage lottery schemes for the Government of Saskatchewan:

- (a) within Saskatchewan; or
- (b) within Saskatchewan and another province of Canada in accordance with any agreement entered into pursuant to subsection (3).

(3) With the approval of the Lieutenant Governor in Council, the authority, on behalf of the Government of Saskatchewan, may enter into any agreement with the government of another province for the purpose of clause (2)(b).

(4) For the purpose of conducting lottery schemes for the Government of Saskatchewan pursuant to subsection (2), the authority may:

- (a) respecting any premises in which it conducts a lottery scheme, determine:
 - (i) the location and construction of the premises;
 - (ii) the furnishings and equipment to be used in the premises; and
 - (iii) the operation and management of the premises;
- (b) control, manage and supervise the premises in which it conducts a lottery scheme;
- (c) respecting a lottery scheme conducted and managed by the authority, enter into agreements with any person:
 - (i) for the conduct of operations; or
 - (ii) for the provision of services; and
- (d) subject to the regulations:
 - (i) determine the lottery schemes and games, operations and devices to be used respecting a lottery scheme conducted by the authority;
 - (ii) determine the consideration to be paid by persons participating in the lottery scheme; and
 - (iii) determine the kinds and amounts of prizes available to participants in the lottery scheme.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.15.

Authority may become shareholder**16** The authority may:

- (a) become a shareholder or member in any corporation to which a licence is issued;
- (b) appoint persons to act as directors of a corporation mentioned in clause (a);
- (c) participate in any way it considers advisable in the affairs of a corporation mentioned in clause (a); and
- (d) enter into agreements or arrangements with a corporation mentioned in clause (a).

1997, c.A-18.011, s.16.

Powers respecting horse racing

17(1) The authority may make rules for the conduct of horse racing and may adopt by reference, in whole or in part, with any changes that the authority considers necessary, rules and procedures of horse-racing associations.

- (2) In accordance with this Act and the rules of horse racing, the authority may:
- (a) govern, direct, control, prohibit and regulate horse racing in any or all of its forms and the operation of racetracks in Saskatchewan;
 - (b) set out the qualifications for horse-racing licences;
 - (c) grant horse-racing licences to persons who operate racetracks, racetrack officials, owners, veterinarians, trainers, drivers, jockeys, apprentice jockeys, grooms, jockeys' agents, jockeys' valets, exercise riders, farriers, hot walkers, pony riders, tradespersons and any other person in or about racetracks that the authority determines should be licensed;
 - (d) set out the qualifications and terms for horse-racing registrations and require registration with the authority of colours, stable names, partnerships, authorized agents and anything else the authority considers appropriate;
 - (e) register colours, stable names, partnerships, authorized agents and anything else prescribed by the authority;
 - (f) establish the forms for horse-racing licences, horse-racing registrations and applications;
 - (g) fix and collect fees or other charges for horse-racing licences and horse-racing registrations;
 - (h) set dates for and set out the form of horse-race meetings;
 - (i) require approval by the authority of the appointment by a person or body other than the authority of racetrack officials and employees whose duties relate to the actual running of horse races and compel the discharge for cause of any official or employee;
 - (j) require persons licensed to operate racetracks to keep books of account in a manner satisfactory to the authority, and may inspect those books at any time;

- (k) assist in the development of horse racing in Saskatchewan by sponsoring equine research and making grants or loans to any person on any terms that the authority considers appropriate; and
 - (l) do any other things relating to horse racing in any or all of its forms or to the operation of racetracks that are authorized or directed by the Lieutenant Governor in Council.
- (3) The authority shall not issue a horse-racing licence to an applicant unless, in the authority's opinion, the applicant is of good character.
- (4) No holder of a horse-racing licence shall fail to meet the requirement of good character at any time during the term of the horse-racing licence.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.17; 2002, c.42, s.6.

Horse racing enforcement and investigations

18(1) The authority may authorize a steward, harness racing judge, employee of the authority or person appointed pursuant to subsection 10(2) to:

- (a) enforce this Act and the rules of horse racing; and
 - (b) conduct an investigation into any matter when a person has or is suspected of having contravened this Act or the rules of horse racing or acted in a manner that is prejudicial to the best interests of horse racing.
- (2) A person who is authorized to enforce the rules of horse racing and conduct investigations when a person has or is suspected of having contravened the rules of horse racing or acted in a manner that is prejudicial to the best interests of horse racing may:
- (a) conduct a search on or near a racetrack:
 - (i) of any holder of a horse-racing licence who is involved in or who, on reasonable grounds, is suspected of being involved in the matter being investigated; or
 - (ii) of any place, premises, vehicle or receptacle where there are reasonable grounds to believe that there is any thing that relates to the matter being investigated and, for the purposes of that investigation, seize that thing;
 - (b) hold hearings relating to carrying out his or her duties and for that purpose may:
 - (i) summon any person by subpoena;
 - (ii) require that person to give evidence on oath; and
 - (iii) require that person to produce any documents and things that the person holding the hearing considers necessary; and
 - (c) suspend or cancel the horse-racing licence of, or impose a fine or any other sanction on, any person who has contravened the rules of horse racing or acted in a manner that is prejudicial to the best interests of horse racing.
- (3) A decision made pursuant to clause (2)(c) is, for the purposes of this Act, a decision made by the authority.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.18.

Powers respecting licences, permits, etc.

19(1) Subject to this Act, the regulations and the rules of horse racing, the authority may:

- (a) grant any application for a licence, permit, horse-racing licence, horse-racing registration or certificate of registration on any terms and conditions it considers appropriate;
 - (b) grant endorsements to permits on any terms and conditions it considers appropriate;
 - (c) refuse any application for a licence, permit, endorsement, horse-racing licence, horse-racing registration or certificate of registration;
 - (d) refer an application for a licence, permit, reviewable endorsement, horse-racing licence or certificate of registration to the commission for a hearing pursuant to clause 26(2)(a) if the authority is of the opinion that it is in the public interest to conduct a hearing;
 - (e) determine the duration of licences, permits, endorsements, horse-racing licences, horse-racing registrations and certificates of registration;
 - (f) suspend or cancel a licence on any terms and conditions it considers appropriate;
 - (g) assess a penalty pursuant to section 39.1 against a permittee or registrant;
 - (h) at the time it assesses a penalty pursuant to clause (g) against a permittee or registrant, determine the date by which the penalty is to be paid in full;
 - (i) suspend a permit, endorsement or certificate of registration on any terms and conditions it considers appropriate, either alone or in conjunction with assessing a penalty pursuant to clause (g); and
 - (j) cancel a permit, endorsement or certificate of registration on any terms and conditions it considers appropriate.
- (2) Respecting permits, the authority shall:
- (a) fix the price at which beverage alcohol may be sold by a permittee;
 - (b) determine the land or buildings that constitute premises with respect to which a permit may be issued; and
 - (c) regulate and restrict the nature and conduct of entertainment at any place where a permit is, or is to be, issued.
- (3) In exercising its power pursuant to clause (1)(b), the authority may establish a sealed bid process in accordance with the regulations to allocate an endorsement authorizing the sale of beverage alcohol, in closed containers of the type and quantity contained in the endorsement, for consumption off the permitted premises.

Power to enter into agreements with Canada

20(1) In this section:

“beverage alcohol” means beverage alcohol brought into Saskatchewan from outside Canada; (*«boisson alcoolisée»*)

“customs officer” means an officer, as defined in the *Customs Act* (Canada), who is employed at a customs office in Saskatchewan. (*«agent de douane»*)

(2) The authority may enter into an agreement with the Government of Canada:

(a) identifying the beverage alcohol or class of beverage alcohol to be covered by the agreement;

(b) appointing customs officers as agents of the authority to do the following on behalf of the authority:

(i) accept beverage alcohol;

(ii) collect and remit to the authority the mark-up set by the authority for the beverage alcohol accepted pursuant to subclause (i);

(iii) when the mark-up set by the authority has been paid, sell and release the beverage alcohol accepted pursuant to subclause (i) to the individual who brought the beverage alcohol into Saskatchewan from outside Canada; and

(iv) when the mark-up set by the authority has not been paid, detain and release to the authority the beverage alcohol accepted pursuant to subclause (i);

(c) authorizing the payment on behalf of the authority of a refund of all or a part of the mark-up collected pursuant to subclause (b)(ii) to the individual who paid the mark-up;

(d) prescribing the circumstances and conditions governing a payment pursuant to clause (c);

(e) prescribing the manner in which and times at which a mark-up collected pursuant to subclause (b)(ii) must be remitted to the authority;

(f) respecting forms to be used in relation to beverage alcohol; and

(g) respecting any other matter in relation to beverage alcohol.

(3) For the purpose of this section, the authority may set mark-ups on the resale price of beverage alcohol.

Subsidiaries

20.1(1) Subject to the approval of the Lieutenant Governor in Council, the authority may incorporate any other companies that it considers will directly or indirectly benefit the authority.

(2) The authority may exercise its powers and may fulfil its purposes through any of its subsidiaries.

(3) For the purposes of this Act and the regulations, any reference to the authority shall include its subsidiaries.

2014, c.7, s.6.

DIVISION 4**Liquor and Gaming Licensing Commission****Liquor and Gaming Licensing Commission continued**

21(1) The branch of the authority known as the Liquor and Gaming Licensing Commission is continued for the purposes of exercising the powers set out in this Act.

(2) The commission consists of not less than three and not more than seven members to be appointed by the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

(3) Every member of the commission holds office at pleasure and, notwithstanding the expiry of any term designated by the Lieutenant Governor in Council for the member, continues to hold office until his or her successor is appointed.

(4) The authority shall:

(a) pay to the members of the commission the remuneration determined by the Lieutenant Governor in Council; and

(b) reimburse members of the commission for travelling and living expenses at rates established by the Public Service Commission.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.21.

Commission panels

22(1) Any three or more members of the commission may sit as a panel of the commission and that panel may exercise or perform any powers or duties that the commission itself could exercise or perform.

(2) Any number of panels may sit concurrently.

(3) Two members of a panel constitute a quorum at any hearing conducted by a panel.

(4) A decision or action of a panel is the decision or action of the commission.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.22.

Officers of commission

23(1) The Lieutenant Governor in Council shall designate one of the members of the commission to be the chairperson, one of the members to be the vice-chairperson and one of the members to be the secretary.

(2) Where the chairperson is absent or unable to act or the office of chairperson is vacant, the vice-chairperson may act in the place of the chairperson.

(3) All acts performed by the vice-chairperson pursuant to subsection (2) have the same force and effect as if performed by the chairperson.

(4) The secretary shall:

- (a) keep a record of all proceedings conducted before the commission;
- (b) have custody and care of all records and documents pertaining to or filed with the commission; and
- (c) authenticate and cause to be published all orders made by the commission.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.23.

Certain interests prohibited

24 No member of the commission, as owner, part owner, partner, member of a syndicate, shareholder, agent or employee, whether for his or her own benefit or in a fiduciary capacity for another person, shall:

- (a) be directly or indirectly interested or engaged in any business or undertaking dealing in beverage alcohol;
- (b) be a registrant, licensee, permittee, holder of an on-reserve charitable gaming licence, holder of a horse-racing licence or holder of a horse-racing registration;
- (c) be directly or indirectly interested or engaged in any business or undertaking with a registrant, licensee or permittee or any business or undertaking that is associated with a registrant, licensee or permittee;
- (d) be directly or indirectly interested or engaged in any business or undertaking that is associated with the Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation;
- (e) be directly or indirectly interested or engaged in any business or undertaking dealing in:
 - (i) gaming supplies or services; or
 - (ii) non-gaming supplies or services that are used in the operation or conduct and management of a lottery scheme;
- (f) be directly or indirectly interested or engaged in any business or undertaking dealing in horse racing or racetracks; or
- (g) be directly or indirectly interested or engaged in any business or undertaking with a holder of a horse-racing licence or holder of a horse-racing registration or any business or undertaking that is associated with a holder of a horse-racing licence or holder of a horse-racing registration.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.24; 2002, c.42, s.7; 2003, c.15, s.4.

Non-liability of members

25 No action lies or shall be instituted for any loss or damage suffered by any person by reason of anything in good faith done, caused, permitted or authorized to be done, attempted to be done or omitted to be done by any of the following pursuant to or in the exercise or supposed exercise of any power conferred by this Act, the regulations or the rules of horse racing or in the carrying out or supposed carrying out of any decision or order made pursuant to this Act, the regulations or the rules of horse racing or any duty or responsibility imposed by this Act, the regulations or the rules of horse racing:

- (a) the authority;
- (b) any member of the authority;
- (c) the commission;
- (d) any member of the commission;
- (e) any employee or other person acting under the instructions of the authority or the commission or pursuant to the authority of this Act, the regulations or the rules of horse racing.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.25.

DIVISION 5
Commission Hearings

Hearings by commission

26(1) The commission shall:

- (a) hold an oral hearing where the authority has received an application for a licence, horse-racing licence, permit, reviewable endorsement, or certificate of registration and, in the opinion of the authority, it is in the public interest to conduct an oral hearing;
 - (a.1) hold an oral hearing where a First Nation gaming licensing authority has received an application for an on-reserve charitable gaming licence and, in the opinion of that First Nation gaming licensing authority, it is in the public interest to conduct an oral hearing;
- (b) subject to subsection (1.1), hold an oral hearing where the authority has received an application for a permit or reviewable endorsement from an applicant who is qualified pursuant to section 59 or 60 or the regulations and the authority has received a written objection pursuant to subsection 29(2);
- (c) hold a hearing where the authority has imposed terms on a licence, horse-racing licence, permit or reviewable endorsement that are unsatisfactory to the applicant or refused an application for a licence, horse-racing licence, horse-racing registration, permit, reviewable endorsement or certificate of registration and the applicant applies for a review in accordance with section 30;

- (c.1) hold a hearing where a First Nation gaming licensing authority has imposed terms on an on-reserve charitable gaming licence that are unsatisfactory to the applicant or refused an application for an on-reserve charitable gaming licence and the applicant applies for a review in accordance with section 30;
 - (d) hold an oral hearing where the authority proposes to suspend or cancel a licence, permit, reviewable endorsement or certificate of registration and the licensee, permittee or registrant, as the case may be, applies for a hearing in accordance with section 33;
 - (d.1) hold an oral hearing where a First Nation gaming licensing authority proposes to suspend or cancel an on-reserve charitable gaming licence and the holder of that licence applies for a hearing in accordance with section 34.1;
 - (e) hold an oral hearing in accordance with section 37 where the authority has suspended a licence, permit, reviewable endorsement or certificate of registration pursuant to that section;
 - (f) hold a hearing where the authority has imposed terms on a certificate of registration pursuant to subsection 146(4) and the registrant applies for a review in accordance with that section;
 - (f.1) hold an oral hearing where the Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation, the Saskatchewan Indian Gaming Authority or an exhibition casino operator has forbidden any person from entering any casino in Saskatchewan for a specified period pursuant to clause 147.2(1)(b) and the person applies for a review in accordance with section 147.3;
 - (g) hold a hearing where a horse-racing licence has been suspended or cancelled or a fine or other sanction has been imposed on any person who has contravened the rules of horse racing or who has acted in a manner that is prejudicial to the best interests of horse racing and the applicant applies for a review in accordance with section 30; and
 - (h) hold an oral hearing where a permittee or registrant has applied for a hearing in accordance with section 39.1.
- (1.1) The commission shall not hold an oral hearing where a person has filed a written objection within the meaning of section 63 and the commission, after considering the grounds for the objection, determines, in its absolute discretion, that those grounds:
- (a) are frivolous or vexatious; or
 - (b) are prescribed in the regulations as grounds for which a hearing is not to be held.
- (2) The commission may rehear any application for:
- (a) the issuance, suspension or cancellation of a licence, horse-racing licence, permit or certificate of registration; or

(b) the imposition of any sanction for contravention of the rules of horse racing or acting in a manner that is prejudicial to the best interests of horse racing.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.26; 1998, c.16, s.5; 2000, c.36, s.5; 2003, c.15, s.5; 2005, c.3, s.6.

Notice

27(1) Where an oral hearing is to be held pursuant to this Act, the commission shall give the person respecting whom the oral hearing is to be held written notice of the oral hearing indicating the time and place.

(2) The notice is to be given in accordance with:

(a) subsection (3) respecting a hearing to be held pursuant to clause 26(1)(a), (a.1), (b), (c), (c.1), (f) or (g);

(b) subsection (4) respecting a hearing to be held pursuant to clause 26(1)(d), (d.1) or (h); and

(c) section 37 respecting a hearing to be held pursuant to clause 26(1)(e).

(3) A notice mentioned in clause (2)(a) shall be sent by ordinary mail.

(4) A notice mentioned in clause (2)(b) shall be served by:

(a) personal service made:

(i) in the case of an individual, on that individual;

(ii) in the case of a partnership, on any partner; or

(iii) in the case of a corporation, on any officer or director; or

(b) registered mail addressed to the address for service indicated by the applicant in the application for the review or hearing.

(5) A notice sent by ordinary or registered mail is deemed to have been delivered on the seventh day after the date of its mailing unless the person to whom it is sent establishes to the satisfaction of the commission that, through no fault of that person, the person did not receive it or received it at a later date.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.27; 1998, c.16, s.6; 2003, c.15, s.6; 2005, c.3, s.7.

Conduct of hearings

28(1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3), the commission may regulate its own practice and procedures for the conduct of hearings.

(2) Oral hearings conducted pursuant to this Act are to be open to the public.

(3) Notwithstanding subsection (2), the commission may exclude the public from any part of an oral hearing where the commission is of the opinion that admitting the public would unduly violate the privacy of, result in financial loss or gain to or prejudice the competitive position of any person.

(4) The commission has all the powers conferred on a commission by sections 11, 15 and 25 of *The Public Inquiries Act, 2013*.

(5) If a hearing is to be conducted pursuant to clause 26(1)(a) or (a.1), the notice given by the commission pursuant to subsection 27(1) is to indicate the grounds on which the authority or the First Nation gaming licensing authority, as the case may be, considers the hearing to be advisable.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.28; 2003, c.15, s.7; 2013, c.P-38.01, s.33.

Right to be heard

29(1) Every person:

- (a) who is the subject of an oral hearing shall be given an opportunity to be heard and may be represented by counsel at that person's expense; and
 - (b) who, in the opinion of the commission, is an interested party may appear at an oral hearing but only with the permission of the commission.
- (2) Notwithstanding clause (1)(b) and subject to subsections (3) and 26(1.1), every person who has filed a written objection within the meaning of section 63 with the authority at least five days before the date of the oral hearing shall be given an opportunity to be heard at the oral hearing and to make written representations.
- (3) Where the commission holds an oral hearing pursuant to clause 26(1)(b), a person who has filed a written objection shall not be given the opportunity to be heard or make written representations where the commission, after considering the grounds for the objection, determines, in its absolute discretion, that those grounds:
- (a) are frivolous or vexatious; or
 - (b) are prescribed in the regulations as grounds for which a person is not to be given the opportunity to be heard or make written representations.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.29; 2000, c.36, s.6.

Applicant may apply for review

30 Within 15 days after being notified of the decision, an applicant may apply for a review by the commission:

- (a) of a decision of the authority to:
 - (i) impose terms on a licence, horse-racing licence, permit or reviewable endorsement;
 - (ii) refuse to issue a licence, horse-racing licence or permit or to grant a horse-racing registration, reviewable endorsement or certificate of registration; or
 - (iii) suspend or cancel a horse-racing licence or impose a fine or other sanction on a person who has contravened the rules of horse racing or acted in a manner that is prejudicial to the best interests of horse racing; or

- (b) of a decision of a First Nation gaming licensing authority to:
 - (i) impose terms on an on-reserve charitable gaming licence; or
 - (ii) refuse to issue an on-reserve charitable gaming licence.

2003, c.15, s.8.

Applying for review

31(1) An application for a review pursuant to section 30, subsection 146(5) or section 147.3 is to be commenced by:

- (a) filing an application for review with the commission;
 - (b) where the applicant wishes an oral hearing, requesting a date and time for the oral hearing; and
 - (c) paying the fee prescribed in the regulations.
- (2) The application for review mentioned in subsection (1):
- (a) is to be substantially in the form prescribed in the regulations; and
 - (b) may be accompanied by any other information that the applicant wishes the commission to consider.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.31; 2003, c.15, s.9; 2005, c.3, s.8.

Conduct of review

32(1) The commission is not required to hold an oral hearing unless the applicant, at the time of filing the application for review, requests an oral hearing.

- (2) At a review conducted pursuant to this section, the commission may consider:
- (a) any information submitted by the applicant;
 - (b) any information considered by the authority or the First Nation gaming licensing authority, as the case may be, in making its decision; and
 - (c) where an oral hearing is held, any information given or representations made at the oral hearing.
- (3) Where an applicant who requests an oral hearing fails to appear at the oral hearing without the prior approval of the commission:
- (a) the applicant is deemed to have waived the applicant's right to an oral hearing; and
 - (b) the commission shall consider the application on the basis of the material mentioned in clauses (2)(a) and (b).

1997, c.A-18.011, s.32; 2003, c.15, s.10.

Suspension or cancellation by authority

33(1) Subject to section 37, where the authority proposes to suspend or cancel a licence, permit, reviewable endorsement or certificate of registration, it shall give notice to the licensee, permittee or registrant, as the case may be, of the action it intends to take.

(2) A licensee, permittee or registrant who receives a notice pursuant to subsection (1) may apply, within 15 days after it is served with the notice, for a review by the commission by:

- (a) filing an application for an oral hearing with the commission; and
- (b) paying the prescribed fee.

(3) The application for a hearing mentioned in clause (2)(a):

- (a) is to be substantially in the form prescribed in the regulations; and
- (b) may be accompanied by any other information that the applicant wishes the commission to consider.

(4) Where the authority has given notice to the licensee, permittee or registrant in accordance with subsection (1) and the licensee, permittee or registrant does not apply for a review pursuant to subsection (2), the authority may suspend or cancel the licence, permit, reviewable endorsement or certificate of registration in accordance with the terms of the notice.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.33; 2000, c.36, s.8.

Procedure at hearing

34(1) At a hearing conducted pursuant to section 33, the commission may consider:

- (a) any information submitted by the applicant;
- (b) any information considered by the authority in making its decision; and
- (c) any information given or representations made at the oral hearing.

(2) Where an applicant fails to appear at an oral hearing without the prior approval of the commission:

- (a) the applicant is deemed to have waived the applicant's right to an oral hearing; and
- (b) the commission shall consider the application on the basis of the material mentioned in clauses 32(2)(a) and (b).

(3) At a hearing conducted pursuant to this section, the commission may suspend or cancel a licence, permit, reviewable endorsement or certificate of registration where the commission is satisfied that:

- (a) the licensee, permittee or registrant has violated this Act, the regulations, any terms to which the licence, permit, reviewable endorsement or certificate of registration is subject or an order of the authority or the commission; or
- (b) it is not in the public interest that the licence, permit, reviewable endorsement or certificate of registration remain in effect.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.34; 2000, c.36, s.9.

Suspension or cancellation of on-reserve charitable gaming licence

34.1(1) If a holder of an on-reserve charitable gaming licence receives written notice from a First Nation gaming licensing authority that his or her on-reserve charitable gaming licence is being suspended or cancelled, the holder of that licence may apply, within 15 days after receiving that notice, for a review by the commission by:

- (a) filing an application for an oral hearing with the commission; and
 - (b) paying the prescribed fee.
- (2) The application for a hearing mentioned in clause (1)(a):
- (a) is to be substantially in the form prescribed in the regulations; and
 - (b) may be accompanied by any other information that the applicant wishes the commission to consider.
- (3) If a First Nation gaming licensing authority gives notice to a holder of an on-reserve charitable gaming licence of its intent to suspend or cancel that holder's licence, and the holder of that licence does not apply for a review pursuant to subsection (1), the First Nation gaming licensing authority may suspend or cancel that licence in accordance with the terms of the notice.

2003, c.15, s.11.

Procedure on review of decision of First Nation gaming licensing authority

34.2(1) At a hearing conducted pursuant to section 34.1, the commission may consider:

- (a) any information submitted by the applicant;
 - (b) any information considered by the First Nation gaming licensing authority in making its decision; and
 - (c) any information given or representations made at the oral hearing.
- (2) If an applicant fails to appear at an oral hearing without the prior approval of the commission:
- (a) the applicant is deemed to have waived the applicant's right to an oral hearing; and
 - (b) the commission shall consider the application on the basis of the material mentioned in clauses 32(2)(a) and (b).
- (3) At a hearing conducted pursuant to this section, the commission may suspend or cancel an on-reserve charitable gaming licence if the commission is satisfied that:
- (a) the holder of the on-reserve charitable gaming licence has contravened this Act, the regulations, any terms to which the licence is subject or an order of the commission or of the First Nation gaming licensing authority that issued the licence; or
 - (b) it is not in the public interest to allow the on-reserve charitable gaming licence to remain in effect.

2003, c.15, s.11.

Powers of commission

35(1) On holding a hearing pursuant to clause 26(1)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) or (h) or subsection 26(2), the commission may:

- (a) direct the authority to:
 - (i) issue, on any terms that the commission considers appropriate, a licence, horse-racing licence or permit; or
 - (ii) grant, on any terms that the commission considers appropriate, a certificate of registration, reviewable endorsement or horse-racing registration;
- (b) direct the authority to refuse:
 - (i) to issue a licence, horse-racing licence or permit; or
 - (ii) to grant a certificate of registration, reviewable endorsement or horse-racing registration;
- (c) direct the authority to suspend a licence, permit, reviewable endorsement or certificate of registration for any period the commission considers appropriate;
- (d) direct a refund of any fees paid for:
 - (i) a review pursuant to section 31; or
 - (ii) a hearing pursuant to section 33;
- (e) direct the authority to revoke the suspension of a licence, permit, reviewable endorsement or certificate of registration on those terms that the commission considers appropriate;
- (f) direct the authority to cancel a licence, permit, reviewable endorsement or certificate of registration;
- (g) direct the authority to renew a licence, permit, reviewable endorsement or certificate of registration for any period the commission considers appropriate;
- (h) direct the authority to amend, vary or repeal and substitute any terms imposed or impose new terms on a licence, horse-racing licence, permit, reviewable endorsement or certificate of registration;
- (i) confirm the decision to cancel or suspend a horse-racing licence or to impose a fine or other sanction on a person who has contravened the rules of horse racing or acted in a manner that is prejudicial to the best interests of horse racing, or substitute the commission's own decision;
- (j) on a rehearing pursuant to subsection 26(2), review, rescind, change, alter or vary any order made by the commission; or

- (k) in the case of a hearing pursuant to section 39.1:
 - (i) assess a penalty in accordance with section 39.1 up to the amount proposed in the written notice provided pursuant to subsection 39.1(3) or in any other amount subject to the limits prescribed by the regulations; and
 - (ii) at the time the commission assesses a penalty pursuant to subclause (i):
 - (A) determine the date by which the penalty is to be paid in full; and
 - (B) order that the permit or certificate of registration, as the case may be, be suspended for the period proposed in the written notice provided pursuant to subsection 39.1(3) or for any period that the commission considers appropriate if the permittee or registrant fails to pay the penalty in full by the date determined pursuant to paragraph (A).
- (2) On holding a hearing pursuant to clause 26(1)(a.1), (c.1) or (d.1) respecting an on-reserve charitable gaming licence, the commission may:
 - (a) direct a First Nation gaming licensing authority to issue, on those terms that the commission considers appropriate, an on-reserve charitable gaming licence;
 - (b) direct a First Nation gaming licensing authority to refuse to issue an on-reserve charitable gaming licence;
 - (c) direct a First Nation gaming licensing authority to suspend an on-reserve charitable gaming licence for any period that the commission considers appropriate;
 - (d) direct a refund of any fees paid for:
 - (i) a review pursuant to section 31; or
 - (ii) a hearing pursuant to section 34.2;
 - (e) direct a First Nation gaming licensing authority to revoke the suspension of an on-reserve charitable gaming licence, on those terms that the commission considers appropriate;
 - (f) direct a First Nation gaming licensing authority to cancel an on-reserve charitable gaming licence;
 - (g) direct a First Nation gaming licensing authority to renew an on-reserve charitable gaming licence for any period that the commission considers appropriate; or
 - (h) direct a First Nation gaming licensing authority to amend, vary, repeal and substitute any terms imposed, or to impose any new terms, on an on-reserve charitable gaming licence.

(3) When a licence or a certificate of registration has been cancelled pursuant to a direction of the commission issued pursuant to this section:

(a) no licence or certificate of registration shall be issued for at least one year to the person named as the holder of that licence or certificate of registration; and

(b) if another licence or certificate of registration is issued to that person and is cancelled, no licence or certificate of registration shall be issued to that person after that time.

(4) If the commission revokes a decision to deny a person access to a casino pursuant to clause 147.2(1)(b), or varies the period during which a person is forbidden to enter a casino, the commission shall notify the following of the decision:

(a) the Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation;

(b) the Saskatchewan Indian Gaming Authority;

(c) all exhibition casino operators operating a casino in Saskatchewan.

2008, c.8, s.5.

Finality of decision

36 Subject to clause 35(1)(j), every decision or order of the commission is final, and no order, decision or proceeding of the commission shall be questioned or reviewed, restrained or removed by prohibition, injunction, *certiorari*, *mandamus* or any other process or proceeding in any court.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.36.

Immediate suspension

37(1) The authority, by order, may suspend a licence, permit, reviewable endorsement or certificate of registration for a period not exceeding seven days without giving notice to the licensee, permittee or registrant in accordance with subsection 33(1) where it considers the immediate suspension to be necessary in the public interest.

(2) The authority shall serve on the licensee, permittee or registrant:

(a) a copy of the order of suspension; and

(b) a notice fixing a time and place for an oral hearing by the commission pursuant to clause 26(1)(e) to determine whether the suspension should be extended, or whether the licence, permit, reviewable endorsement or certificate of registration should be cancelled.

(3) An order for suspension takes effect immediately on being served on the licensee, permittee or registrant.

(4) The time fixed for the oral hearing in the notice is to be prior to the expiration of the order for suspension.

(5) The commission may adjourn an oral hearing and may extend the order for suspension to a date not later than the date to which the oral hearing has been adjourned.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.37; 2000, c.36, s.11.

DIVISION 6

General Provisions Respecting Permits, Licences, Etc.

Terms of licence, etc.

38 Every licence, horse-racing licence, horse-racing registration, permit, endorsement and certificate of registration is subject to all the terms imposed by this Act, the regulations, the rules of horse racing, the authority and the commission.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.38; 2000, c.36, s.12.

Compliance with terms

39 No holder of a licence, horse-racing licence, horse-racing registration, permit or certificate of registration shall fail to comply with any terms imposed on the licence, horse-racing licence, horse-racing registration, permit, endorsement or certificate of registration by this Act, the regulations, the rules of horse racing, the authority and the commission.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.39; 2000, c.36, s.13.

Administrative penalties

39.1(1) The authority or the commission may assess a penalty, within the limits prescribed in the regulations, of not more than \$10,000 against any permittee or registrant who fails to comply with any term or condition imposed on the permit, endorsement or certificate of registration by this Act, the regulations, the authority or the commission.

(2) No penalty is to be assessed by the authority or the commission more than three years after the date on which the failure to comply with any term or condition mentioned in subsection (1) first came to the knowledge of the authority.

(3) Before assessing a penalty against a permittee or registrant pursuant to subsection (1), the authority shall provide to the permittee or registrant a written notice:

(a) setting out the facts and circumstances that, in the authority's opinion, render the permittee or registrant liable to a penalty;

(b) proposing:

(i) the amount of the penalty that the authority considers expedient based on the authority's understanding of the circumstances; and

- (ii) a specific period of suspension that the authority considers expedient if the permittee or registrant, as the case may be, is assessed a penalty in accordance with this section and fails to pay the penalty in full by the date determined at the time of the assessment;
 - (c) advising the permittee or registrant that he, she or it may make representations to the commission respecting:
 - (i) whether or not a penalty should be assessed;
 - (ii) the amount of a penalty, if any; and
 - (iii) whether or not the permit or certificate of registration, as the case may be, should be suspended if the permittee or registrant fails to pay the penalty in full by the date determined at the time of the assessment;
 - (d) informing the permittee or registrant that if he, she or it does not notify the commission within 15 days after receiving the written notice that he, she or it intends to make representations to the commission, the authority may:
 - (i) assess a penalty up to the amount proposed in the written notice;
 - (ii) determine the date by which the penalty is to be paid in full; and
 - (iii) order that the permit or certificate of registration, as the case may be, is suspended for a period up to that proposed in the written notice if the permittee or registrant fails to pay the penalty in full by the determined date;
 - (e) informing the permittee or registrant that if he, she or it notifies the commission within 15 days after receiving the notice that he, she or it intends to make representations to the commission, the commission may, either following a hearing conducted pursuant to this section or where the permittee or registrant fails, without the prior approval of the commission, to appear at a hearing:
 - (i) assess a penalty up to the amount proposed in the written notice or in any other amount within the limits prescribed by the regulations;
 - (ii) determine the date by which the penalty is to be paid in full; and
 - (iii) order that the permit or certificate of registration, as the case may be, is suspended for the period proposed in the written notice or for any period that the commission considers expedient if the permittee or registrant fails to pay the penalty in full by the determined date.
- (4) A permittee or registrant who receives a written notice pursuant to subsection (3) may, within 15 days after receiving the written notice, apply for an oral hearing with the commission by:
- (a) filing an application with the commission; and
 - (b) paying the prescribed fee.

- (5) The application for a hearing mentioned in subsection (4):
 - (a) is to be substantially in the form prescribed in the regulations; and
 - (b) may be accompanied by any other information that the applicant wishes the commission to consider.
- (6) At a hearing pursuant to this section, the commission may consider:
 - (a) any information submitted by the applicant;
 - (b) any information considered by the authority in determining that a penalty should be assessed; and
 - (c) any information given or representations made at the oral hearing.
- (7) Where an applicant fails to appear at an oral hearing without the prior approval of the commission:
 - (a) the applicant is deemed to have waived the right to an oral hearing; and
 - (b) the commission shall consider the application on the basis of the information mentioned in clauses (6)(a) and (b).
- (8) Where the authority has provided written notice to a permittee or registrant in accordance with subsection (3) and the permittee or registrant does not apply for an oral hearing pursuant to subsection (4), the authority may:
 - (a) assess a penalty up to the amount proposed in the written notice provided pursuant to subsection (3);
 - (b) determine the date by which the penalty is to be paid in full; and
 - (c) order that the permit or certificate of registration, as the case may be, is suspended for a period up to that proposed in the written notice provided pursuant to subsection (3) if the permittee or registrant fails to pay the penalty in full by the determined date.
- (9) Where the authority assesses a penalty pursuant to subsections (1) and (8), the authority shall provide to the permittee or registrant who is penalized a written notice specifying the amount of the penalty, the date by which the penalty is to be paid in full and the period of suspension if the permittee or registrant fails to pay the penalty in full by the determined date.
- (10) Where the commission assesses a penalty following a hearing conducted pursuant to this section or in the circumstances mentioned in subsection (7), the commission shall provide to the permittee or registrant who is penalized a written notice specifying the amount of the penalty, the date by which the penalty is to be paid in full and the period of suspension if the permittee or registrant fails to pay the penalty by the determined date.

- (11) A written notice pursuant to subsection (3), (9) or (10) is to be served by:
- (a) personal service made:
 - (i) in the case of an individual, on that individual;
 - (ii) in the case of a partnership, on any partner; or
 - (iii) in the case of a corporation, on any officer or director; or
 - (b) registered mail addressed to the most recent address of the permittee or registrant contained in the records of the authority or in the applicant's application for an oral hearing with the commission, as the case may be.
- (12) A written notice sent by registered mail is deemed to have been received on the seventh day after the date of its mailing unless the permittee or registrant to whom the notice was sent satisfies the commission that the notice, through no fault of his, her or its own, was not received or was received at a later date.
- (13) A penalty assessed pursuant to this section is a debt due to and recoverable by the Crown in right of Saskatchewan and may be recovered in any manner authorized by *The Financial Administration Act, 1993*.
- (14) Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act or the regulations, a permittee or registrant has no right to a hearing, review or appeal where the authority or the commission suspends his, her or its permit or certificate of registration in accordance with this section.

1998, c.16, s.8; 2000, c.36, s.14.

Effective date of licence, etc.

40 A licence, horse-racing licence, horse-racing registration, permit or certificate of registration becomes effective on the date stated in the licence, horse-racing licence, horse-racing registration, permit or certificate of registration as the effective date, or if no effective date is stated, on the date of issue of the licence, horse-racing licence, horse-racing registration, permit or certificate of registration.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.40.

Fees

- 41(1)** Every application for a licence, permit, endorsement, transfer of a permit or certificate of registration is to be accompanied by the fee prescribed in the regulations.
- (2) Every licensee, permittee or registrant shall pay, in addition to the fee prescribed in the regulations, any of the following amounts that may be prescribed in the regulations:
- (a) any further amount on the issuance of the licence or permit or the granting of the endorsement, transfer of a permit certificate of registration;
 - (b) any periodic amount during the duration of the licence, permit, endorsement or certificate of registration.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.41; 2000, c.36, s.15; 2002, c.42, s.12.

Licence and certificate of registration not transferable

42(1) Every licence, horse-racing licence, permit and certificate of registration is to be issued in the name of the applicant.

- (2) No certificate of registration, licence or horse-racing licence is transferable.
- (3) Subject to sections 68 to 69.1 and the regulations:
 - (a) no permit is transferable to any other person or any other premises; and
 - (b) no permittee shall allow any other person to use the permit.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.42; 2014, c.7, s.21.

Licence, etc., property of authority

43 Every licence, horse-racing licence, permit and certificate of registration is the property of the authority, and if a licence, horse-racing licence, permit or certificate of registration is cancelled or suspended, the licensee, holder of the horse-racing licence, permittee or registrant shall return it to the authority immediately.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.43.

Investigations

44 The authority may make investigations through persons appointed by the authority pursuant to section 10 for the purpose of doing all or any of the following:

- (a) determining whether or not a licence, horse-racing licence or permit should be issued or a certificate of registration, endorsement or horse-racing registration should be granted;
- (b) determining whether or not a licence, horse-racing licence, horse-racing registration, permit, endorsement or certificate of registration should be suspended or cancelled;
- (c) inspecting alterations, renovations or the reconstruction of permitted premises where the authority has approved those alterations or renovations or that reconstruction;
- (d) inspecting permitted premises or premises for which a licence, permit or endorsement has been granted for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not this Act, the regulations or the terms of the licence, permit or endorsement are being complied with;
- (e) inspecting casinos established pursuant to *The Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation Act* to determine whether or not this Act and the regulations are being complied with;
- (f) administering and enforcing this Act, the regulations and the rules of horse racing.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.44; 2000, c.36, s.16.

Access to premises, etc.

45(1) Every registrant, holder of a horse-racing licence, holder of a horse-racing registration, permittee and licensee and the Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation shall allow an officer access to his, her or its premises, books, records or other documents at all reasonable times for the purpose of making any inspection that the authority or the officer considers necessary.

(2) Where any book, record or other document has been examined pursuant to subsection (1), the officer may make copies of the book, record or other document.

(3) A document certified to be a copy made pursuant to this section is admissible in evidence, without proof of the office or signature of the person appearing to have certified the document, and has the same probative force as the original document.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.45; 2008, c.8, s.5.

Fees chargeable to Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation

46 Subject to the approval of the Lieutenant Governor in Council, the authority may charge the Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation any reasonable fees required to reimburse the authority for the costs the authority has incurred in exercising its powers and fulfilling its responsibilities pursuant to this Act respecting the Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.46.

PART III
Beverage Alcohol Permits
DIVISION 1
Issuance and Terms

Authority may issue permits

47 The authority may:

- (a) issue permits, in accordance with the regulations, for the purchase, sale, manufacture, transport, import, export, consumption and possession of beverage alcohol;
- (b) require any additional information from an applicant for a permit, endorsement or transfer of a permit in any form determined by the authority;
- (c) set any additional terms for individual permits or endorsements or classes of permits or endorsements that are allowed by the regulations; and
- (d) after issuing, granting or renewing a permit or endorsement:
 - (i) amend or repeal any term or condition imposed by the authority on the permit or endorsement pursuant to clause (c);
 - (ii) impose any new terms and conditions on the permit or endorsement that are permitted by the regulations; and
 - (iii) at the request of the permittee, temporarily suspend the permittee's permit as it applies to all or any part of the permitted premises.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.47; 2000, c.36, s.17; 2002, c.42, s.13; 2008, c.8, s.7.

Franchise may issue special occasion permits

47.1 A franchise may issue special occasion permits if authorized to do so pursuant to an agreement entered into by the authority and the franchisee.

2014, c.7, s.23.

Where prohibited

48(1) Subject to subsection (2) and section 50, the authority shall not consider any application for any type of permit, other than a permit allowing the sale and consumption of beverage alcohol at a special occasion, for any premises located in a municipality that has passed a bylaw prohibiting the operation of permitted premises in that municipality pursuant to section 49.

(2) The authority, on any terms it considers advisable, may issue or renew a permit respecting any premises situated in:

- (a) the Northern Saskatchewan Administration District;
- (b) a provincial park established pursuant to *The Parks Act* or a regional park established or continued pursuant to *The Regional Parks Act, 2013*;
- (c) an area that, in the opinion of the authority, is a summer or winter resort area;
- (d) a national park of Canada, subject to any regulations made pursuant to the *National Parks Act (Canada)*; or
- (e) a reserve.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.48; 2010, c.25, s.2; 2013, c.29, s.2; 2014, c.7, s.24.

Municipal bylaws

49(1) If the authority receives an application for a permit respecting premises located in a municipality in which, for at least one year, there have been no permitted premises, stores or franchises, and a bylaw has not been adopted in accordance with subsection (2), the authority shall:

- (a) give written notice to the municipality that it has received the application; and
- (b) direct the applicant to publish a notice in accordance with section 62 with respect to the application.

(2) Following the notice, the council of the municipality may elect to adopt a bylaw prohibiting the operation of permitted premises in the municipality or may be required to do so pursuant to:

- (a) *The Municipalities Act* in the case of a municipality other than a city or northern municipality.
- (b) **Repealed.** 2005, c.21, s.2.
- (c) *The Northern Municipalities Act, 2010* in the case of a northern municipality;

- (d) *The Cities Act* in the case of a city that is incorporated or continued pursuant to that Act.
- (3) Where the council of the municipality elects or is required to refer the bylaw to a vote of electors or voters, as the case may be, the council shall give notice of that election or requirement to the authority.
- (4) **Repealed.** 2005, c.21, s.2.
- (5) Where the authority receives notice pursuant to subsection (3), it shall not issue any permits in the municipality until it has determined that the bylaw was not adopted.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.49; 2002, c.27, s.2; 2005, c.21, s.2; 2008, c.8, s.8; 2010, c.25, s.2; 2013, c.2, s.4.

Public transportation

- 50(1)** Notwithstanding section 49, the authority may issue permits to persons engaged in the business of providing public transportation respecting any railway car, limousine, airplane, bus, ship or vessel that does not operate solely within one municipality.
- (2) Subsection (1) does not apply to a permit allowing the sale and consumption of beverage alcohol at a special occasion.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.50.

Types of permitted premises

- 51** Subject to the other provisions of this Act and the regulations, the authority may issue permits for the sale of beverage alcohol respecting any place, premises, railway car, limousine, airplane, bus, ship or vessel approved by the authority.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.51.

Permit to be posted

- 52** Every permittee shall keep its permit posted in a prominent position in the permitted premises.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.52.

Maximum number

- 53** The Lieutenant Governor in Council may prescribe the maximum number of permits of each class of permits.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.53.

Reduction in number of permits

- 54** Subject to this Act and the regulations, where a reduction in the number of permits is made pursuant to section 53, all permits in force on the day of reduction continue and may be renewed by the authority.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.54.

- 55 Repealed.** 2013, c.2, s.5.

DIVISION 2 Applications

Suitability of premises

56(1) No applicant or permittee is entitled to obtain or keep a permit unless:

- (a) the applicant or the permittee, as the case may be, ensures that the premises to which the application or permit relates conform to applicable building, fire, health and safety standards; and
 - (b) in the authority's opinion, the premises mentioned in clause (a) are being and will be managed in accordance with this Act and the regulations.
- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the authority has no duty to inspect or to require the inspection of permitted premises to ensure compliance with this Act or any other Act.
- (3) No action or other proceeding lies or shall be commenced against the authority, any officer or employee of the authority, the minister or the Crown in right of Saskatchewan for any loss or damage suffered by a person as a result of an applicant's or permittee's failure to ensure that the premises to which the application or permit relates conform to applicable building, fire, health and safety standards.

2002, c.42, s.14; 2013, c.2, s.6.

Application for permit

57 An application for a permit must be:

- (a) in the form determined by the authority; and
- (b) submitted to the authority with a statement:
 - (i) that certifies that the contents of the application are complete and accurate; and
 - (ii) that is signed:
 - (A) by the applicant, if the applicant is an individual;
 - (B) by an officer of the corporation, if the applicant is a corporation;
or
 - (C) if the applicant is a partnership:
 - (I) by each partner of the partnership; and
 - (II) by an officer of the corporation, if a partner of the partnership is a corporation.

2002, c.42, s.14; 2005, c.3, s.10.

Signed statement

58(1) The statement mentioned in clause 57(b) is to state:

- (a) that the applicant is lawfully authorized to conduct the business to be carried on in the premises to which the permit relates;
 - (a.1) that the applicant:
 - (i) is or will be the owner or lessee of the premises to which the permit relates; or
 - (ii) is or will be lawfully entitled to possession of the premises to which the permit relates;
 - (b) that the applicant is not disqualified pursuant to this Act from applying for or holding a permit;
 - (c) that the applicant has complied with the requirements of this Act and the regulations;
 - (d) that the applicant is not bound by an agreement to sell any particular kind, class or brand of beverage alcohol;
 - (e) that the premises to which the application relates are or will be constructed and equipped in accordance with this Act and the regulations and are otherwise suitable for carrying on the business in a reputable way;
 - (f) that the applicant is of good character and whether he or she has been convicted in the three years preceding the application of:
 - (i) a contravention of this Act, any previous *Alcohol and Gaming Regulation Act, Liquor Act* or *Liquor Licensing Act* or any Act of any other province of Canada relating to the control of beverage alcohol; or
 - (ii) an offence pursuant to any Act of the Parliament of Canada that involves, directly or indirectly, beverage alcohol or a drug; and
 - (g) whether or not:
 - (i) the applicant has accepted any money or consideration from a manufacturer or an agent of a manufacturer, and if so, giving full details;
 - (ii) any manufacturer or any officer, director, shareholder, employee or agent of a manufacturer has an interest in the ownership or management of the premises to which the application relates, and if so, whether or not that person has assisted the applicant financially in any way, and if so, giving full details.
- (2) When an application is made for renewal of a permit, section 57 does not apply unless the authority, in its discretion, otherwise directs.
- (2.1) Clause (1)(d) does not apply to applications for special use permits that are prescribed in the regulations.

- (3) Clause (1)(g) does not apply respecting an application concerning a train.
- (4) The authority, in its discretion, may require an applicant for a permit to pay, before a permit is issued, any liquor consumption tax not paid by the preceding permittee of the premises that are the subject-matter of the application.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.58; 2002, c.42, s.15; 2005, c.3, s.11; 2008, c.8, s.9.

Qualifications of applicant

59 A permit may be issued by the authority to a person who is not a minor.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.59.

Evidence of good character

59.1(1) The authority shall not issue a permit to an applicant if the authority has evidence that the authority considers credible and reliable that the applicant is not of good character.

(2) In determining whether an applicant is or is not of good character, the authority may consider the following:

- (a) any evidence the authority considers relevant respecting the applicant's reputation, past conduct, integrity, financial history or competence;
- (b) evidence the authority considers relevant respecting the character of the applicant's employees and associates;
- (c) if the applicant is a corporation or partnership, any evidence that the authority considers relevant respecting the character of any person who is a shareholder, partner, officer or director of the applicant;
- (c.1) if the applicant is an Indian band, any evidence that the authority considers relevant respecting the character of any person who is a member of the council of the Indian band;
- (d) any other evidence that the authority considers relevant.

2008, c.8, s.10; 2014, c.7, s.26.

Qualifications of other applicants

60(1) The authority may issue a permit to an applicant who otherwise complies with the requirements of this Act and the regulations and is:

- (a) a partnership, if each partner is qualified pursuant to:
 - (i) sections 59 and 59.1; or
 - (ii) clause (b) or (c);

- (b) a corporation without share capital:
 - (i) that is incorporated, established or continued by or pursuant to an Act or an Act of the Parliament of Canada;
 - (ii) that is lawfully authorized to carry on business in Saskatchewan;
 - (iii) that is not restricted from carrying on the business with respect to which the application is made; and
 - (iv) whose directors, officers, agents and employees who have responsibility for the operation or management of the corporation are qualified pursuant to sections 59 and 59.1;
 - (c) a corporation:
 - (i) that is incorporated, established or continued by or pursuant to an Act or an Act of the Parliament of Canada;
 - (ii) that is lawfully authorized to carry on business in Saskatchewan;
 - (iii) that is not restricted from carrying on the business with respect to which the application is made;
 - (iv) with respect to which 20% or more of the issued voting or non-voting shares of the corporation are owned, directly or indirectly, by:
 - (A) an individual who is qualified pursuant to sections 59 and 59.1;
 - (B) a corporation in which any person who owns, directly or indirectly, 20% or more of the issued voting or non-voting shares of that corporation is qualified pursuant to sections 59 and 59.1; or
 - (C) a partnership in which each partner is qualified pursuant to:
 - (I) sections 59 and 59.1; or
 - (II) this clause or clause (b); and
 - (v) whose directors, officers, agents and employees who have responsibility for the operation or management of the corporation are qualified pursuant to sections 59 and 59.1;
 - (d) a municipality or regional park authority, if the premises to which the application relates are owned by that municipality or regional park authority;
 - (e) a person who operates a commercial air service, if the aircraft to which the application relates are owned or operated by that commercial air service;
 - (f) a railway corporation, if the trains to which the application relates are owned or operated by that railway corporation; or
 - (g) an Indian band whose members of council, and whose officers, agents and employees who have responsibility for the operation or management of the Indian band, are qualified pursuant to sections 59 and 59.1.
- (2) Subclause (1)(c)(iv) does not apply to a corporation with respect to which the shares are traded on a public exchange.

Certain interests prohibited

61(1) Subject to subsections (2) to (5), no permit shall be issued respecting any premises:

(a) in which a manufacturer, or any of its directors, officers, shareholders, employees or agents has:

(i) acquired any direct, indirect or contingent interest in the ownership or management of the business to which the application relates or in its property, chattels or equipment; or

(ii) assisted the applicant financially in any way; and

(b) where, in the opinion of the authority, the involvement of the manufacturer would cause the permittee to unduly discourage the sale or consumption of the products of other manufacturers.

(2) This section does not apply to trains or premises owned and operated by a railway company incorporated prior to January 2, 1989.

(3) This section does not apply to any brew pub, cottage winery, micro brewery or micro distillery, all as defined in the regulations, for which a manufacturer permit has been issued.

(4) Subclause (1)(a)(ii) and clause (1)(b) do not apply to special use permits that are prescribed in the regulations.

(5) No permittee shall use a manufacturer's name or logo in the name of the permittee's permitted premises.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.61; 2005, c.3, s.12; 2008, c.8, s.11; 2014, c.7, s.28.

Special occasion permits

61.1 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, clause 57(b) and sections 58, 59.1, 60, 61, 61.2 and 62 do not apply to an application for a permit allowing:

(a) the service of beverage alcohol at a special occasion; or

(b) the sale and service of beverage alcohol at a special occasion.

2002, c.42, s.18.

Continuing qualification

61.2 No permittee shall fail to comply with the conditions set out in sections 58, 59, 59.1, 60 and 61 for the term of the permittee's permit.

2002, c.42, s.18.

DIVISION 3
Application Hearings

Publication of notice

62(1) When an application for a permit or reviewable endorsement is received by the authority, the applicant shall publish a notice in a form acceptable to the authority that written objections to the granting of a permit or reviewable endorsement may be filed with the authority not more than two weeks from the date of publication of the notice.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to:

- (a) a permit allowing the service of beverage alcohol at a special occasion;
- (b) a permit allowing the sale and service of beverage alcohol at a special occasion;
 - (b.1) a permit issued to a u-brew or u-vin operation;
 - (b.2) a permit allowing a catering business to serve and sell beverage alcohol at catered events;
- (c) an application for an endorsement other than a reviewable endorsement;
- (d) an application to transfer a permit and any existing endorsement to the permit, including a reviewable endorsement; or
- (e) an application to renew a permit or reviewable endorsement.

(3) Where an applicant applies for a permit, the notice is to be published:

- (a) at least once each week for two successive weeks in a daily or weekly newspaper published:
 - (i) in the municipality in which the proposed permitted premises are to be situated; or
 - (ii) in Saskatchewan and circulating in the municipality in which the proposed permitted premises are to be situated, if no daily or weekly newspaper is published in that municipality; or
- (b) in any other manner prescribed in the regulations.

(4) The applicant shall provide the authority with a copy of the newspaper containing the notice.

(5) Where an applicant applies for a reviewable endorsement, the notice is to be published at least once each week for two successive weeks in a daily or weekly newspaper published:

- (a) in the municipality in which the premises or proposed premises respecting the reviewable endorsement are or are proposed to be situated; or

(b) in Saskatchewan and circulating in the municipality in which the premises or proposed premises respecting the reviewable endorsement are or are proposed to be situated, if no daily or weekly newspaper is published in that municipality.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.62; 2000, c.36, s.18; 2002, c.42, s.19; 2008, c.8, s.12; 2013, c.2, s.7.

Filing of objections

63(1) Every person who has filed a written objection with the authority shall state, in clear detail, the grounds for the objection in the written objection.

(2) Where a written objection is filed, the authority shall not issue a permit or reviewable endorsement to the applicant except in accordance with an order of the commission.

(3) Subject to subsection (6), the commission shall give every applicant for a permit or reviewable endorsement, and every person who files a written objection to the granting of a permit or reviewable endorsement, written notice of:

(a) the time and place of the hearing at which the application will be considered; and

(b) the grounds for the objection.

(4) The notice is to be sent by ordinary mail.

(5) The onus of establishing that the commission should not issue a permit or grant a reviewable endorsement is on the person who files a written objection with the authority.

(6) No written notice pursuant to subsection (3) shall be given by the commission to a person who files a written objection where the commission, after considering the grounds for the objection, determines, in its absolute discretion, that those grounds:

(a) are frivolous or vexatious; or

(b) are prescribed in the regulations as grounds for which no written notice is to be given.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.63; 2000, c.36, s.19; 2014, c.7, s.31.

Restriction on cancellation

64 When a permit has been cancelled:

(a) no permit shall be issued for at least one year to the person named as the holder of the permit;

(b) no permit shall be issued respecting the premises described in the permit for at least one month; and

(c) if another permit is issued to that person and is cancelled, no permit shall be issued to that person after that time.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.64.

Return of beverage alcohol

65(1) Where a permit is cancelled, all beverage alcohol in the possession of a permittee shall be delivered to the authority by the permittee, and the authority shall:

- (a) assess the condition of the beverage alcohol;
 - (b) repurchase at current prices the beverage alcohol found by the authority to be in good condition and capable of being sold by the authority; and
 - (c) make any orders respecting the disposal of beverage alcohol not repurchased that the authority, in its discretion, considers appropriate.
- (2) The authority may assess a fee for restocking beverage alcohol repurchased by it pursuant to subsection (1).
- (3) When a permit expires and is not renewed, all beverage alcohol in the possession of the permittee shall be delivered to the authority and the provisions of subsection (1) respecting the repurchase and disposition apply.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.65.

When permit suspended

66(1) When a permit is suspended, all beverage alcohol in the possession of a permittee shall immediately be sealed by the permittee in a manner satisfactory to the authority at the expense and risk of the permittee, to be kept on the premises or delivered to the authority, as the authority may direct.

- (2) When suspension of a permit is lifted, beverage alcohol delivered to the authority pursuant to subsection (1) shall be returned to the permittee.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.66.

DIVISION 4 **Specific Privileges**

Authority of permittee

67 A permittee may purchase beverage alcohol from the authority and keep beverage alcohol and, if authorized by the regulations, may sell beverage alcohol to persons who are not minors, subject to the restrictions and specifications in this Act and the regulations.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.67.

DIVISION 5
Special Cases

If premises destroyed

68 Subject to this Act and the regulations, in the event of the destruction of permitted premises, the permit continues in effect for the premises constructed on the site of the destroyed premises or on any other site within the same municipality approved by the authority and occupied by the original permittee.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.68.

If permittee dies

69(1) Subject to this Act and the regulations, in the event of the death of a permittee who is an individual, a permit continues in force until it expires.

(2) Where a permittee who is an individual dies, the trustee, executor or administrator responsible for the estate of the deceased permittee, or a manager of the premises approved by the authority, enjoys all of the rights and is subject to all of the liabilities that would have pertained to the deceased permittee if the permittee had not died.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.69.

Transfer of permit – when allowed

69.1(1) In the circumstances prescribed in the regulations and subject to this section, a person may apply for a transfer of a permit and the authority may grant a transfer of that permit.

(2) Subject to the regulations, section 57 and subsections 58(1) and (4) apply, with any necessary modification, to an application to transfer a permit.

(3) Subject to the regulations, the authority shall not grant a transfer of a permit if, at the time of the application:

- (a) the authority is of the opinion that it would not issue a permit to the applicant if the applicant were applying for a permit at that time;
- (b) the authority proposes to:
 - (i) suspend or cancel the permit or any reviewable endorsement to the permit;
 - (ii) impose new terms and conditions on the permit or any reviewable endorsement to the permit; or
 - (iii) assess a penalty against the existing permittee pursuant to section 39.1; or

- (c) the authority or the commission:
 - (i) suspends or cancels the permit or any existing reviewable endorsement to the permit;
 - (ii) imposes new terms and conditions on the permit or any existing reviewable endorsement; or
 - (iii) assesses a penalty against the existing permittee pursuant to section 39.1.
- (4) Notwithstanding clause (3)(c), the authority may grant a transfer of a permit if:
 - (a) the existing permittee complies with subsection 39.1(9) or (10), as the case may be;
 - (b) the permit or any existing reviewable endorsement to the permit, having been suspended, is reinstated; and
 - (c) in the authority's opinion, the existing permittee has complied with the terms and conditions imposed on the permit or any existing reviewable endorsement.
- (5) If the authority grants the transfer of a permit, the authority may:
 - (a) amend or repeal any term or condition imposed by the authority:
 - (i) on the permit; or
 - (ii) on any reviewable endorsement on the permit; and
 - (b) impose any new term or condition that is permitted by the regulations:
 - (i) on the permit; or
 - (ii) on any reviewable endorsement on the permit.
- (6) The authority shall notify the new permittee, by ordinary mail, of any decision by the authority pursuant to subsection (5).
- (7) Within 15 days after receiving notice of a decision by the authority pursuant to subsection (6), the new permittee may apply to the commission for a review of that decision.
- (8) A notice sent by ordinary mail pursuant to subsection (6) is deemed to have been delivered on the seventh day after the date of its mailing unless the person to whom it is sent establishes to the satisfaction of the commission that, through no fault of that person, the person did not receive it or received it at a later date.
- (9) Sections 30, 31 and 32 apply, with any necessary modification, to an application for a review pursuant to subsection (7).

(10) Subject to this Act, the regulations and any term or condition imposed by the authority or the commission, if the authority grants a transfer of a permit, the new permittee enjoys the same rights and privileges and is subject to the same duties, responsibilities and liabilities respecting the sale of beverage alcohol and the operation of the permitted premises that the previous permittee enjoyed and was subject to before the permit was transferred to the new permittee.

2002, c.42, s.20.

Improvement of facilities

70(1) The authority, at any time, may direct a permittee to install, repair, modernize or otherwise improve the facilities of the premises.

(2) Where a permittee fails to comply with a direction pursuant to subsection (1), the authority may suspend the permit, after giving the permittee an opportunity to be heard in accordance with section 30.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.70.

DIVISION 6 **Hours and Days**

Sale restricted

71(1) No permittee shall sell beverage alcohol on, or allow the consumption of beverage alcohol in, the permitted premises or premises for which a special occasion permit has been issued except during the hours and on the days on which it may be lawfully served and consumed pursuant to this Act and the regulations.

(2) No person shall consume beverage alcohol on permitted premises after any closing hour prescribed in the regulations, except during tolerance periods prescribed in the regulations for consumption of beverage alcohol served prior to the closing hour.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.71; 2008, c.8, s.13.

References to time

72 Where a regulation includes a reference to time, *The Time Act* does not apply to the application of that regulation to a railway car, limousine, airplane, bus, ship or vessel with respect to which a permit is issued pursuant to section 50.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.72.

Resolution re when a premises may be open

73 The authority may extend or restrict, by resolution, the days or hours that a permittee may open the permitted premises for the sale of beverage alcohol, and a copy of the resolution is to be given to all permittees affected by the resolution.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.73.

DIVISION 7
Permitted Premises

Sale by bottle

74(1) Subject to subsection (2), no person in any permitted premises shall sell any beverage alcohol in a bottle for consumption on the permitted premises.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to beer, wine or any other beverage alcohol prescribed in the regulations.

2008, c.8, s.14.

Consumption on premises

75(1) Every person who purchases beverage alcohol at a permitted premises, except beverage alcohol lawfully sold for consumption off the permitted premises, shall:

- (a) consume the beverage alcohol at the permitted premises; and
- (b) leave at the permitted premises any portion of the beverage alcohol that is not consumed at the permitted premises.

(2) The permittee of the permitted premises shall immediately destroy any beverage alcohol mentioned in clause (1)(b) that is left by a person.

(3) Subject to subsections (4), (5) and (7), no permittee shall:

- (a) in the case of beverage alcohol purchased at the permittee's permitted premises, allow that beverage alcohol to be removed from or consumed outside the permitted premises; or
- (b) in the case of beverage alcohol served or sold at a premises subject to a special occasion permit issued to the permittee, allow that beverage alcohol to be removed from or consumed outside of those premises.

(4) Subsection (3) does not apply to beverage alcohol lawfully sold for consumption off the permitted premises.

(5) Notwithstanding subsections (1) to (3):

- (a) a permittee who has been issued a permit prescribed in the regulations shall, on request of the purchaser, recork a bottle of wine or beer purchased at the permitted premises by using a new cork that is fully inserted into the bottle so that the top of the cork is flush with the opening of the bottle; and
- (b) the purchaser may remove the unfinished bottle of wine or beer from the permitted premises if the bottle of wine or beer has been recorked in accordance with clause (a).

(6) With respect to beer, subsection (5) only applies to those types of beer and sizes of containers approved by the authority for the purposes of that subsection.

(7) Notwithstanding subsections (1) and (3), beverage alcohol may be transported between two permitted premises if:

- (a) the two permitted premises are adjoining one another in such a manner that a person may travel from one permitted premises to the other without entering a non-permitted portion of the building or other area; and
- (b) the beverage alcohol is lawfully purchased at one of the permitted premises for consumption at the permitted premises.

2013, c.2, s.8.

76 Repealed. 2014, c.7, s.33.

DIVISION 8 Medical Use

Medical use

77(1) In accordance with this Act and the regulations, a physician, pharmacist, dentist or veterinarian registered pursuant to *The Veterinarians Act, 1987* may purchase beverage alcohol from the authority for use in the practice of his or her profession.

(2) The governing body of a hospital, without a permit, may purchase from the authority and keep on hand beverage alcohol, in an amount that is not greater than the maximum amount prescribed in the regulations, for the purposes of mixing and compounding or for medicinal purposes.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.77; 2014, c.7, s.34.

Physicians

78 A physician may prescribe beverage alcohol to patients or administer beverage alcohol to patients for medicinal purposes.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.78.

Pharmacists, dispensing

79(1) Except as provided in this Act and the regulations, no pharmacist shall sell or dispense beverage alcohol except on the prescription of a physician.

(2) All prescriptions for beverage alcohol shall be retained by the pharmacist and kept on file unless the authority directs otherwise.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.79.

Pharmacists, compounding purposes

80 Any pharmacist may purchase from the authority and keep on hand and use beverage alcohol, of a kind and in a quantity that is prescribed in the regulations, for compounding purposes.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.80.

81 Repealed. 2014, c.7, s.35.

Purchase of beverage alcohol for medicinal purposes

82 Any person who administers, sells or dispenses beverage alcohol in accordance with section 78 or 79 shall purchase the beverage alcohol only from the authority, by written order specifying the kinds and quantities of beverage alcohol required.

2014, c.7, s.36.

**DIVISION 9
Other Permits****Non-consumptive use**

83 A permit is not required to use beverage alcohol for any of the following purposes, or to use any liquid or compound that is capable of being used as beverage alcohol for any of the following purposes:

- (a) for mechanical, manufacturing, preserving or other similar purposes;
- (b) for a purpose other than as a food or beverage.

2014, c.7, s.37.

Educational institutions

84 The governing authorities of educational institutions may purchase from the authority and keep on hand beverage alcohol, in an amount not greater than the maximum amount prescribed in the regulations, for the purposes of heating, testing, mixing, compounding and experimenting.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.84.

Issuance of permit

85 The authority may issue a permit to an educational institution that permits the serving of beverage alcohol in connection with mixology or bartending courses conducted by that institution:

- (a) on application in the prescribed form, and payment of the prescribed fee; and
- (b) if satisfied that the applicant has complied with the Act and the regulations.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.85.

Religious use

86(1) The authority may issue a permit authorizing the import, purchase, sale or use of wine for sacramental purposes to a person engaged in the business of selling church supplies.

(2) Authorities of a church or religious body, priests, clergy or ministers may purchase, keep on hand and use wine for sacramental purposes.

2008, c.8, s.16.

Competition permit

87 Subject to the regulations, the authority may issue a permit authorizing:

- (a) the holder to display homemade wine or beer at the time and place specified in the permit;
- (b) the holder to carry and convey the homemade wine or beer to and from a competition; and
- (c) the tasting by persons judging the competition of the homemade wine or beer mentioned in clause (a).

1997, c.A-18.011, s.87.

Return to manufacturer

88(1) Every manufacturer to whom a permit is issued shall make a return to the authority respecting the manufacture, import, sale and delivery of beverage alcohol by the manufacturer when requested to do so by the authority.

(2) A request made by the authority:

- (a) is to be in writing;
- (b) is to state the period for which the information is included in the return; and
- (c) may require that the returns be made regularly respecting the periods prescribed by the authority in the request.

(3) A return is to contain:

- (a) those matters that may be prescribed in the regulations; and
- (b) any other information that the authority may require.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.88.

Samples

89(1) A manufacturer to whom a permit is issued, if required to do so by the authority, shall furnish samples of any beverage alcohol then being sold by the manufacturer or that may be in the course of manufacture for sale in Saskatchewan.

(2) No holder of a permit shall fail to furnish samples when required to do so pursuant to this section.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.89.

Medicines, toiletries, etc.

90 Except as otherwise provided by this Act or the regulations, no provision of this Act prevents the sale:

- (a) by a pharmacist or the manufacturer of:
 - (i) any tincture, fluid extract, essence or medicated spirit containing alcohol prepared according to a recognized standard work on pharmacy;
 - (ii) medicine or other pharmaceutical compound or preparation; or
 - (iii) mixture, drug or medicine containing alcohol that is sold for purely medicinal purposes;
- (b) of a perfume, lotion, toilet water or similar preparation containing alcohol by a merchant or manufacturer;
- (c) of a candy, cake food flavouring or flavouring extract containing alcohol by a merchant or manufacturer;
- (d) of a cleaning, disinfectant, or industrial fluid containing alcohol by a merchant or manufacturer if the preparation, mixture or compound contains sufficient toxic agents, medication or other ingredients that prevent its use as an alcoholic beverage; or
- (e) of denatured beverage alcohol that is intended solely for use in food preparation.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.90; 2014, c.7, s.39.

Brewers association

91(1) In this section, “**brewers association**” includes:

- (a) the Saskatchewan Brewers Association Limited; and
 - (b) any corporation that is owned by one or more brewers and is designated, for the purposes of this section, by the Lieutenant Governor in Council. (*«association de brasseurs»*)
- (2) Subject to the other provisions of this Act and the regulations, the Lieutenant Governor in Council may authorize the authority to enter into a contract authorizing the brewers association to sell on behalf of the authority and deliver beer to:
- (a) a permittee for the purpose of sale by the permittee pursuant to the permittee’s permit;
 - (b) the holder of a franchise; or
 - (c) a store.
- (3) On the granting of the authorization, the brewers association shall sell or deliver beer only in accordance with this Act and the regulations and the standards set by the authority.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.91.

DIVISION 10
General

Compliance required

92 No person to whom a permit or authorization is granted pursuant to this Act shall manufacture, sell or deliver beverage alcohol except in accordance with this Act and the regulations.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.92.

93 Repealed. 2008, c.8, s.17.

Records

94 Every person to whom a permit has been issued for the manufacture of beverage alcohol shall maintain records satisfactory to the authority showing:

- (a) the kind and quantities of beverage alcohol produced and imported by that person;
- (b) the names of person to whom beverage alcohol was sold and delivered;
- (c) the date of each sale;
- (d) the kind and quantity sold; and
- (e) any other particulars that may be prescribed in the regulations.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.94.

Authority may verify records

95 The authority, at all reasonable times, may examine the books and records of any person to whom a permit has been issued for the manufacture of beverage alcohol required to make a return, and may otherwise verify the return.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.95.

Premises to be available for inspection

96 Every premises operated by a person to whom a permit has been issued for the manufacture of beverage alcohol is to be constructed and equipped so that it does not facilitate any breach of this Act or the regulations and is to be open to inspection at all reasonable times by the authority or by a person appointed pursuant to subsection 10(2).

1997, c.A-18.011, s.96.

PART IV
Liquor Stores and Franchises

References

97 In this Part, a reference to a store includes a reference to a franchise and, for greater certainty, a bylaw respecting the establishment of a store is deemed to be a bylaw respecting the establishment of a franchise, as the case may be.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.97.

Authority may establish stores

98 Subject to section 99, the authority may establish and operate stores for the sale of beverage alcohol in accordance with this Act.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.98.

Establishment of stores

99(1) When the authority intends to establish there has not been a store in operation for the previous 180 days or more, the authority shall:

- (a) give notice to the municipality of its intention to establish a store; and
 - (b) publish in the Gazette, and in a newspaper published or having general circulation in the municipality, a notice in the form prescribed in the regulations of its intention to establish a store.
- (2) Following the notice, the council of the municipality may elect to adopt a bylaw prohibiting the establishment of stores in the municipality or may be required to do so pursuant to:
- (a) (a) *The Municipalities Act* in the case of a municipality other than a city or northern municipality;
 - (b) **Repealed.** 2005, c.21, s.2.
 - (c) *The Northern Municipalities Act, 2010*, in the case of a northern municipality;
 - (d) *The Cities Act* in the case of a city that is incorporated or continued pursuant to that Act.
- (3) Where the council of the municipality elects or is required to refer the bylaw to a vote of electors or voters, as the case may be, the council shall give notice of that election or requirement to the authority.
- (4) **Repealed.** 2005, c.21, s.2.
- (5) Where the authority receives notice pursuant to subsection (3), it shall not proceed with the establishment of the store until it has determined that the bylaw was not adopted.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.99; 2002, c.27, s.2; 2005, c.21, s.2; 2010, c.25, s.2; 2014, c.7, s.40.

Establishment where no vote necessary

100 The authority, on any terms it considers advisable, and without conducting a vote of the electors as required by this section, may establish a store in:

- (a) the Northern Saskatchewan Administration District;
- (b) a provincial park established pursuant to *The Parks Act* or a regional park established or continued pursuant to *The Regional Parks Act, 2013*;

(c) an area that, in the opinion of the authority, is a summer or winter resort area; or

(d) a national park of Canada, subject to any regulations made pursuant to the *National Parks Act* (Canada).

1997, c.A-18.011, s.100; 2010, c.25, s.2; 2013, c.29, s.2.

Establishment where no bylaw

101 Where the authority has not received a bylaw made pursuant to subsection 99(2) or a notice pursuant to subsection 99(3) within 60 days of giving notice pursuant to subsection 99(1), it may proceed with the establishment of the store with respect to which the notice was given.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.101.

Duty-free stores

102(1) The authority may establish and operate or authorize any person to establish and operate a duty-free store for the sale of beverage alcohol to persons who are not minors who are leaving Canada.

(2) The operation of stores established pursuant to subsection (1) is subject to this Act and to any terms prescribed in the regulations or set by the authority.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.102.

Duty-free purchases

103 A person who purchases beverage alcohol at a duty-free store shall transport the beverage alcohol out of Canada immediately without opening the package in which the beverage alcohol was received from the store.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.103.

Franchises

104(1) The authority, subject to this Act, may grant franchises to persons for the purpose of keeping for sale and selling beverage alcohol.

(2) The authority shall not grant a franchise if the municipality in which the franchise is to be located has adopted a bylaw pursuant to subsection 99(2).

(3) Subject to this Act and the regulations, the authority may enter into an agreement with any person for the establishment, maintenance or operation of a franchise.

(4) A holder of a franchise may purchase from the authority and sell beverage alcohol subject to any terms that may be prescribed in the regulations.

(5) A franchise is subject to the provisions of this Act, and the regulations relating to stores apply with any necessary modifications.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.104.

Return of beverage alcohol

105 A franchise may be revoked by the authority on those terms that the authority, in its discretion, may determine, and the authority may require the person who held the franchise to return to the authority, or to deliver to a place to be specified by the authority, all beverage alcohol in that person's possession as holder of a franchise.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.105.

PART V

General Beverage Alcohol Control

DIVISION 1

Restrictions on Where Alcohol May be Kept, Etc.**Interpretation – Part V**

106(1) In this Part:

“private place”, subject to subsection (2), includes:

- (a) the following places that are bona fide and actually occupied and used as a private residence:
 - (i) a house or building, or any part of a house or building;
 - (ii) a trailer, camper, mobile home, tent or any combination of them;
 - (iii) a cottage or cabin or similar construction designed for use on a seasonal basis;
 - (iv) a moored vessel;
 - (v) a private room or compartment on a train;
 - (vi) a private guest room in a hotel or motel;
- (b) in the case of any place mentioned in subclause (a)(i), (ii) or (iii), the appurtenant land or in the case of a farm, the lands constituting the farm; and
- (c) a place in a building if that place is not ordinarily open to the public and is not open to the public at the time that the beverage alcohol is consumed; (*«lieu privé»*)

“public place” means:

- (a) a place or building to which the public has or is permitted to have access;
- (b) a park, playground, cinema, outdoor theatre or other place of public resort or amusement;
- (c) a highway, road, street, lane or other thoroughfare;

- (d) any unoccupied land or building;
 - (e) in relation to a person who enters occupied land or an occupied building without the consent of the occupant, the land or building so entered;
 - (f) a conveyance or a vehicle while it is at, in or on any place, building, thoroughfare or land that by virtue of this definition is a public place;
 - (g) a club premises that does not hold a valid permit;
- but does not include either of the following that is bona fide and actually occupied and is used as a private place:
- (h) a trailer, camper, mobile home, tent or combination of them; or
 - (i) a moored vessel. (*«lieu public»*)

(2) Clauses (1)(b) and (c) respecting the definition of private place apply only to the owner or tenant, under a lease of at least 30 days, of the place described in that clause, or to the family, employee or bona fide guest of that owner or tenant.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.106.

Public places

107(1) No person shall have, consume or give beverage alcohol in a public place or any place other than a private place or permitted premises except as allowed pursuant to this Act and the regulations.

(2) A person who is not a minor may:

- (a) purchase beverage alcohol from a permittee or a store, duty-free store or franchise established by the authority;
- (b) keep, consume or sell beverage alcohol pursuant to the authority of a permit issued pursuant to this Act and the regulations;
- (c) make and have in his or her own residence homemade wine or beer;
- (c.1) make and have beer or wine at a u-brew or u-vin operation;
- (d) import into Saskatchewan from outside Canada, on any occasion, beverage alcohol of a kind and amount permitted pursuant to an Act of the Parliament of Canada without payment of duty or tax;
- (e) bring into Saskatchewan beverage alcohol legally purchased or acquired in any part of Canada other than Saskatchewan not exceeding the kind and quantity prescribed in the regulations; and
- (f) carry or transport beverage alcohol from the place at which it was lawfully obtained to a place where it may lawfully be had, kept or consumed or from that place to another place where beverage alcohol may be lawfully had, kept or consumed.

(3) A person who has been lawfully prescribed beverage alcohol by a physician may have or consume beverage alcohol in any place where it is necessary for him or her to have or consume the beverage alcohol.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.107; 2008, c.8, s.17; 2014, c.7, s.41.

Permit required to operate a u-brew or u-vin operation

107.01 No person shall carry on a u-brew or u-vin operation without a permit.

2008, c.8, s.19.

Beverage alcohol ban in campground

107.1(1) In this section:

“campground” means:

- (a) an area of park land designated as a public campground pursuant to *The Parks Regulations, 1991*; or
- (b) an area of a regional park designated as a public campground in a regional park bylaw made pursuant to clause 13(c) of *The Regional Parks Act, 2013*; (« *terrain de camping* »)

“minister” means:

- (a) with respect to a provincial park or a recreation site, the member of the Executive Council to whom for the time being the administration of *The Parks Act* is assigned; and
- (b) with respect to a regional park, the member of the Executive Council to whom for the time being the administration of *The Regional Parks Act, 2013* is assigned; (« *ministre* »)

“park land” means park land as defined in *The Parks Act*; (« *parc* »)**“provincial park”** means a provincial park as defined in *The Parks Act*; (« *parc provincial* »)**“recreation site”** means a recreation site constituted pursuant to section 6 of *The Parks Act*; (« *terrain de loisirs* »)**“regional park”** means a regional park established or continued pursuant to *The Regional Parks Act, 2013*; (« *parc régional* »)**“regional park authority”** means a regional park authority that operates a regional park pursuant to *The Regional Parks Act, 2013*. (« *régie de parc régional* »)

(2) Notwithstanding subsection 107(1), the minister may, by order, prohibit possessing or consuming beverage alcohol in a campground on the terms and conditions and for the period set out in the order.

(3) The minister may make an order pursuant to subsection (2) if:

- (a) in the case of a provincial park or a recreation site, the minister considers it necessary for the proper management and control of a campground or in the interest of public safety; or
- (b) in the case of a regional park, the regional park authority considers it necessary for the proper management and control of a campground or in the interest of public safety and the regional park authority has requested the minister to make the order.

(4) When an order is made pursuant to this section, the minister shall take any measures the minister considers appropriate to bring the order to the attention of the public.

(5) No person shall possess or consume beverage alcohol in contravention of an order issued pursuant to this section.

(6) Without restricting the powers pursuant to this Act of an enforcement officer appointed pursuant to *The Parks Act*, an enforcement officer may enforce an order made pursuant to this section with respect to all or any area of park land, and for that purpose, the enforcement officer may exercise all the powers and shall fulfil all the duties of enforcement officers provided in *The Parks Act*.

2007, c.10, s.5; 2013, c.29, s.2.

Common carriers

108 No common carrier or other person authorized to convey beverage alcohol pursuant to this Act shall:

(a) open or break or allow to be opened or broken, a container containing beverage alcohol that the common carrier or other person is conveying; or

(b) consume or permit any beverage alcohol to be consumed while the beverage alcohol is being conveyed by him or her.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.108.

Vehicles

109(1) Subject to subsection (2), no person by himself or herself, his or her employee or agent shall have or keep or consume or give beverage alcohol in a vehicle.

(2) Subsection (1) does not render it unlawful:

(a) to have beverage alcohol in a vehicle for the purpose of transporting the beverage alcohol from the place at which it was lawfully obtained to a place where it may be lawfully had, kept or consumed or from that place to another place where it may be lawfully had, kept or consumed; or

(b) to have, keep, consume or give beverage alcohol in a vehicle for which the authority has issued a special use permit.

(3) Clause (2)(a) does not apply respecting beverage alcohol being transported in a vehicle used for carrying passengers for hire or gain unless the beverage alcohol is in the possession of a person who is a bona fide passenger in the vehicle.

(4) A person who contravenes this section is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of not more than \$2,000, imprisonment for a term of two months or both.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.109; 2005, c.3, s.13; 2008, c.8, s.20.

DIVISION 2
Minors

Minors

110(1) Subject to subsections (2) to (4), no person shall sell or give beverage alcohol to a minor and nothing in this Act is to be construed as authorizing the sale of beverage alcohol to minors.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to a parent, guardian or spouse who gives beverage alcohol in a private place to a minor who is his or her child, ward or spouse, as the case may be.

(3) A physician, dentist or person under the direction of a physician or dentist may provide beverage alcohol to a minor for medicinal purposes.

(4) A priest, clergyman or minister in the performance of religious ceremonies may provide wine to a minor.

(5) A person who contravenes subsection (1) is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction, to a fine of not more than \$10,000, imprisonment for a term of two months or both.

(6) A person may be convicted of contravening subsection (1) notwithstanding that the minor does not appear to be a minor.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.110; 2008, c.8, s.21.

Proof of age – premises

111(1) A permittee or an employee of a permittee shall demand proof that a person is not a minor where it appears or should reasonably appear that the person present in the premises is a minor and the premises are premises where a minor:

(a) is not entitled to be; or

(b) may be entitled to be and the person is attempting to purchase beverage alcohol.

(2) If the person fails or refuses to produce proof satisfactory to the permittee that he or she is not a minor, the permittee or employee shall request the person to leave the premises immediately and that person shall do so.

(3) Any person who fails to leave the premises on being requested to do so pursuant to subsection (2) is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of not more than \$2,000.

(4) Any person who is required pursuant to this section to demand proof of age and fails to do so is guilty of an offence.

(5) Any person who knowingly provides a minor with false identification for the purpose of gaining entry to permitted premises is guilty of an offence.

(6) No permittee shall allow minors in permitted premises unless authorized by this Act, the regulations or the terms of the permit.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.111; 2008, c.8, s.22.

Proof of age – stores

112(1) Where a person wishing to purchase beverage alcohol from a store, franchise or duty-free store appears to be a minor, the manager or an employee may demand proof that the person is not a minor.

(2) Where a person is requested to provide proof of age pursuant to subsection (1) and the person fails or refuses to provide that proof, the manager or an employee shall refuse to sell any beverage alcohol to that person.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.112.

Minors restricted in permitted premises

113(1) Subject to section 114:

(a) no person who is a minor shall act in any way in the sale, handling or serving of beverage alcohol on or about any franchise premises, permitted premises, or premises for which a special occasion permit has been issued;

(b) no franchisee, permittee, or employee of a franchisee or permittee shall allow any minor to act in the manner described in clause (a); and

(c) no franchisee or permittee that is authorized by this Act, the regulations, a franchise agreement or a permit to allow minors on the franchise premises, permitted premises, or premises for which a special occasion permit has been issued shall allow minors to consume beverage alcohol on those premises.

(2) A person who contravenes subsection (1) is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of not more than \$2,000.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.113; 2008, c.8, s.23; 2014, c.7, s.42.

Exception for certain minors

114 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, a minor who is the son, daughter or spouse of the permittee or of the manager of the permitted premises may enter or remain in the permitted premises during the hours and on the days when the sale or consumption of beverage alcohol in the permitted premises is prohibited.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.114.

Restriction respecting minors

115(1) Subject to subsection (4), no person who is a minor shall:

(a) purchase or attempt to purchase beverage alcohol, directly or indirectly;

(b) except as authorized by this Act or the regulations, possess or consume beverage alcohol;

- (c) except as authorized by this Act or the regulations or in the permit issued respecting a permitted premises, be in or remain in a permitted premises;
 - (d) present false identification when attempting to purchase beverage alcohol from a person lawfully authorized to sell beverage alcohol; or
 - (e) present false identification when attempting to gain access to or to remain in a permitted premises.
- (2) A person who contravenes subsection (1) is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of not more than \$2,000.
- (3) Subject to the minimum age requirements established pursuant to *The Labour Standards Act*, the authority may employ or engage minors for the purpose of monitoring compliance with the provisions of this Act and the regulations respecting the provision, sale, handling and serving of beverage alcohol to or by minors.
- (4) If a minor is employed or engaged by the authority for the purpose mentioned in subsection (3), clauses (1)(a), (c), (d) and (e) do not apply to the minor while he or she is performing his or her duties of employment or engagement.
- (5) Section 133 does not apply to the authority or to a minor employed or engaged by the authority for the purpose mentioned in subsection (3) while the minor is performing his or her duties of employment or engagement.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.115; 2008, c.8, s.24; 2014, c.7, s.42.

DIVISION 3 General Prohibitions

Presence in premises during prohibited times

116 No person other than the permittee or an employee or agent shall enter or remain in a permitted premises during times when the sale or consumption of beverage alcohol on the premises is prohibited, except as authorized pursuant to this Act or the regulations.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.116.

Only beverage alcohol made available by permittee to be consumed in permitted premises

116.1 Subject to section 116.2, no person shall have, consume or give beverage alcohol in a permitted premises or premises subject to a special occasion permit other than beverage alcohol that the permittee has made available for sale or otherwise served.

2008, c.8, s.25; 2013, c.2, s.9.

Circumstances in which permittee may allow customers to bring own wine

116.2(1) In this section, a person's "**own wine**" means wine that is not purchased from or otherwise served by the permittee.

(2) Subject to the regulations, a person may bring and consume his or her own wine at a permitted premises if:

(a) the permit issued with respect to the permitted premises is within a class of permits prescribed in the regulations for the purposes of this section; and

(b) in accordance with the permit, the permittee allows persons to bring and consume their own wine at the permitted premises.

(3) A permittee who allows a person to bring and consume his or her own wine at the permitted premises shall, on that person's request, recork the person's bottle of wine by using a new cork that is fully inserted into the bottle so that the top of the cork is flush with the opening of the bottle.

(4) A person may remove his or her own wine from the permitted premises if the person's bottle of wine has been recorked in accordance with subsection (3).

(5) The permittee shall immediately destroy any beverage alcohol mentioned in this section that is left by a person at the permitted premises.

(6) If a person at the permitted premises appears to be intoxicated, neither the permittee nor the employees of the permittee shall allow the person to consume any beverage alcohol sold or supplied at the permitted premises or brought onto the permitted premises in accordance with this section.

2013, c.2, s.10.

Denatured products

117 No person shall sell, distribute, obtain or consume for beverage purposes any of the products mentioned in section 90 or any preparation containing alcohol that has been denatured in accordance with the *Excise Act* (Canada) and the regulations made pursuant to that Act.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.117.

Restrictions on certain products

118(1) If the authority is of the opinion that the sale or other disposition of a medicine, compound, preparation or any other product is likely to result in the use of the medicine, compound, preparation or other product or any extract as, or in the making of, a beverage or food product capable of being used as beverage alcohol, the authority may issue an order to prohibit, restrict or regulate the sale or other disposition of the medicine, compound, preparation or other product or any extract in Saskatchewan or any part of Saskatchewan.

(2) A copy of every order issued pursuant to subsection (1) shall be published in the Gazette, and that publication constitutes notification to the manufacturer or vendor of the product to which the order relates.

(3) A person who contravenes an order made pursuant to this section is guilty of an offence.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.118.

Compounds producing beverage alcohol

119(1) Except as otherwise provided by this Act or the regulations, no person shall possess, sell or keep for sale any compound or preparation, whether in solid or liquid form, that by the addition of water or any liquid or other substance to the compound or preparation will produce beverage alcohol.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to home beer-making or wine-making kits purchased from a retail outlet.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.119; 2005, c.3, s.14.

Maximum number of persons

120(1) No permittee shall allow the entry of a person into a permitted premises where the number of persons present in the premises is the maximum number of persons allowed to be present in the permitted premises.

(2) For the purposes of subsection (1), each area for which a maximum number of persons has been endorsed on the permit is to be considered to be a permitted premises.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.120.

121 Repealed. 2014, c.7, s.44.

Refusal to admit entry

122(1) A permittee or an employee of a permittee may request any person to leave or forbid any person to enter a permitted premises.

(2) No person shall:

(a) remain in a permitted premises after he or she is requested to leave the permitted premises by the permittee or an employee of the permittee; or

(b) re-enter a permitted premises that he or she was requested to leave by the permittee or an employee of the permittee before the permitted premises next opens for business.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.122.

123 Repealed. 2014, c.7, s.45.

Quality and type

124 Subject to section 116.2, no permittee shall sell or provide, or permit to be sold or provided, any beverage alcohol of a kind that he or she is not lawfully authorized to sell or provide or which is of a quality not satisfactory to the authority.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.124; 2013, c.2, s.11.

Intoxicated persons

125 No person, including a permittee or employee of a permittee, shall sell or supply beverage alcohol to a person who appears to be intoxicated.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.125; 2014, c.7, s.46.

Intoxicated in public place

126(1) No person shall be in an intoxicated condition in a public place or on any permitted premises.

(2) No permittee or employee of a permittee shall allow a person who appears to be intoxicated to:

- (a) possess or consume beverage alcohol on the permitted premises; or
- (b) remain on the permitted premises except in accordance with the standards set by the authority.

2014, c.7, s.47.

Disorderly conduct

127(1) No licensee, permittee or agent or employee of a licensee or permittee shall permit any riotous, quarrelsome, violent or disorderly conduct to take place on the permitted premises or the place described in a licence or permit.

(2) No person shall engage in any riotous, quarrelsome, violent or disorderly conduct in a permitted premises or in the place described in a licence or permit.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.127.

Certain activities prohibited

128(1) No permittee shall permit or allow any activity at any permitted premises or premises subject to a special occasion permit that:

- (a) is unlawful;
- (b) may be detrimental to the orderly operation of the premises;
- (c) has been prohibited by the municipality in which the premises are located;
or
- (d) is prescribed in the regulations.

(2) Subsection (1) applies whether or not the permittee has authorized or consented to the activity.

(3) The authority may, by order, prohibit entertainment at any premises with respect to which a permit has been issued that does not conform to those standards that may be prescribed in the regulations.

(4) The authority may, by order, restrict or prohibit at any premises with respect to which a permit has been issued any:

- (a) gambling or gambling device;
- (b) contest or lottery; or
- (c) sale or purchase of lottery tickets.

2013, c.2, s.13.

Prohibitions affecting stores, etc.

129(1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3), no manager of a store or franchise or his or her employee, and no permittee or an employee of a permittee, shall:

- (a) purchase beverage alcohol for sale except:
 - (i) from the authority; or
 - (ii) in the case of a permittee, from a franchise designated by the authority for the purpose of selling beverage alcohol to permittees;
- (b) have on the premises beverage alcohol not supplied by the authority;
- (c) sell beverage alcohol not supplied by the authority;
- (d) adulterate or dilute beverage alcohol, or offer for sale adulterated or diluted beverage alcohol, except where the beverage alcohol has been mixed with other beverage alcohol supplied by the authority, or with water or mix of a kind and quantity approved by the authority;
- (e) sell or provide beverage alcohol to a person who is apparently a minor unless the person is in fact not a minor; or
- (f) sell or supply beverage alcohol during prohibited hours or days.

(2) A permittee, at the time of purchasing or leasing permitted premises, may purchase from the vendor or former lessee of the permitted premises any beverage alcohol that the vendor or former lessee has for the purpose of sale pursuant to the vendor's or former lessee's permit at the date of termination of that permit.

(3) A permittee prescribed in the regulations may purchase beverage alcohol from permittees prescribed in the regulations.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.129; 1998, c.16, s.9; 2003, c.15, s.13.

130 Repealed. 2002, c.42, s.21.

Breaking open container or tasting on store premises

131(1) No person, or store, franchise or permitted premises except where permitted by the regulations and the authority, shall:

- (a) open any bottle, box, carton or any other container or item containing beverage alcohol for the purposes of testing, tasting, sampling or drinking; or
- (b) test, taste, sample or drink beverage alcohol.

(2) Nothing in this section permits the consumption of beverage alcohol by a minor.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.131.

Unauthorized purchase

132 No person shall purchase beverage alcohol from a person not authorized to sell beverage alcohol pursuant to this Act or the regulations.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.132.

Inducement to contravene

133 No person shall request or solicit a person to sell beverage alcohol to him or her in contravention of this Act or the regulations.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.133.

Restrictions re advertising

134(1) Subject to subsection (3), no person shall make any representation to the public for the purpose of promoting the sale or consumption of beverage alcohol that is inconsistent with the advertising standards established by the authority.

(2) For the purposes of this section, the authority may establish advertising standards.

(3) Nothing in this section prevents:

- (a) the authority, a franchisee or a permittee from displaying products and the names of products offered for sale within their places of business; or
- (b) a manufacturer from displaying the manufacturer's name or trade mark on any building owned or leased by that manufacturer.

2008, c.8, s.27.

Canvassing

135(1) No person shall canvass for, reserve, take or solicit orders for the purchase or sale of beverage alcohol or act as agent or intermediary for the sale or purchase of beverage alcohol or hold himself or herself out as an agent or intermediary except where permitted by this Act and the regulations.

(2) Every manufacturer must provide to the authority, in the manner and within the time required by the authority, the names and addresses of all agents and representatives employed or engaged by the manufacturer.

(3) No person shall directly or indirectly hold himself or herself out as an agent or representative of a manufacturer unless the manufacturer has provided his or her name and address to the authority in accordance with subsection (2).

1997, c.A-18.011, s.135; 2014, c.7, s.48.

Restrictions on permit applications

136 No person shall:

- (a) make application for a licence, certificate of registration or permit pursuant to this Act in the name of a fictitious organization;
- (b) make application for a licence, certificate of registration or permit for any purpose not authorized pursuant to this Act and the regulations;
- (c) use a fictitious name in applying for a licence, certificate of registration or permit pursuant to this Act; or
- (d) make application for a licence, certificate of registration or permit on behalf of a corporation, society, association, club or organization if the person is not, at the time of making the application, an officer or member of the corporation, society, association, club or organization.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.136.

False assertions in applications

137 No person shall knowingly make a false assertion respecting a fact, opinion or belief or respecting specific knowledge in applying for a licence, certificate of registration or a permit pursuant to this Act.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.137.

Unlawful keeping, etc.

138(1) Except as expressly provided in this Act or the regulations, no person shall personally, by employee or agent:

- (a) display beverage alcohol for sale;
- (b) keep beverage alcohol for sale; or
- (c) directly or indirectly sell or offer to sell beverage alcohol.

(2) A person who contravenes subsection (1) is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction:

- (a) in the case of a first offence:
 - (i) to a fine of not less than \$500 and not more than \$2,500 for an individual and not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$5,000 for a corporation;
 - (ii) imprisonment for not more than two months; or
 - (iii) both the fine and imprisonment; and

- (b) in the case of a second offence or subsequent offence:
 - (i) to a fine of not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$5,000 for an individual and not less than \$2,500 and not more than \$10,000 for a corporation;
 - (ii) imprisonment for a term of not more than three months; or
 - (iii) both the fine and imprisonment.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.138.

Penalties

139(1) A person who contravenes any provision of this Act or the regulations or who contravenes an order made by the minister, the authority or the commission pursuant to this Act and for which no other penalty is specifically provided is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to:

- (a) a fine of not more than \$10,000 for an individual and not more than \$50,000 for a corporation;
- (b) imprisonment for a term of not more than six months; or
- (c) both the fine and imprisonment.

(2) For the purposes of subsection (1):

“**minister**” means:

- (a) the member of the Executive Council to whom for the time being the administration of *The Parks Act* is assigned; and
- (b) the member of the Executive Council to whom for the time being the administration of *The Regional Parks Act, 2013* is assigned; (« *ministre* »)

“**other penalty**” does not include a penalty that has been or may be imposed by the authority or the commission pursuant to this Act (« *peine particulière* »).

1997, c.A-18.011, s.139; 1998, c.16, s.10; 2007, c.10, s.6; 2013, c.29, s.2.

PART VI Licensed Lotteries

Terms and conditions of licences

140(1) Subject to subsection (2), any licence issued by the authority, other than a licence mentioned in section 141, is deemed to contain and is subject to the following terms and conditions:

- (a) the licensee shall ensure that, if premises are used in the operation or conduct and management of a lottery scheme, those premises are:
 - (i) owned and occupied by the licensee; or

- (ii) supplied by:
 - (A) a supplier who holds a valid certificate of registration as a supplier; or
 - (B) a person who has no interest in the operation or conduct and management of the lottery scheme other than to provide an interest in or the use or possession of the premises in which the lottery scheme is to be operated;
- (b) the licensee shall ensure that all gaming employees involved in the operation or conduct and management of the lottery scheme hold valid certificates of registration as gaming employees;
- (c) the licensee shall ensure that any gaming supplies or services or non-gaming supplies or services used by the licensee in the operation or conduct and management of the lottery scheme are supplied by a supplier who holds a valid certificate of registration as a supplier unless the supplier is exempted from holding a certificate of registration pursuant to clause 144(2)(b);
- (d) the licensee shall ensure that:
 - (i) if premises are being used to operate a lottery scheme, the licence is prominently posted in those premises; and
 - (ii) if premises are not being used to operate the lottery scheme, the licence is available for inspection.
- (2) If the licensee supplies the gaming supplies or services or non-gaming supplies or services mentioned in clause (1)(a), (b) or (c), the licensee's licence is not subject to the terms and conditions mentioned in that clause.

2002, c.42, s.22.

Local authority licences

- 141(1)** Licences issued by local authorities are deemed to contain and are subject to the following terms:
- (a) the licensee shall use the proceeds of the lottery scheme being conducted for charitable or religious purposes;
 - (b) the licensee shall ensure that the total amount of all prizes offered in the conduct of the lottery scheme does not exceed:
 - (i) \$2,000; or
 - (ii) any lower amount that may be prescribed by the Lieutenant Governor in Council pursuant to the *Criminal Code* respecting the lottery scheme for which the licence was issued; and
 - (c) the licensee shall not conduct more than one event per week.
- (2) Where a licensee who is issued a licence by a local authority breaches a term of that licence, the licence is void.
- (3) Local authorities may charge the fees prescribed in the regulations for the issuance of licences.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.141.

Reports by local authorities

142 Every local authority that issues licences shall file with the authority, on or before April 1 in each year, a report respecting its licensing activities for the previous year:

- (a) in the form required by the authority; and
- (b) containing any information that the authority may require, including:
 - (i) the name of each licensee who was issued a licence by the local authority;
 - (ii) the amount or value of the prizes awarded respecting each licensed lottery scheme;
 - (iii) the revenue generated, expenses incurred and profit realized respecting each licensed lottery scheme; and
 - (iv) the purpose for which the proceeds from each licensed lottery scheme were or are to be used.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.142.

Form and manner of reports

143(1) Subject to subsection (2), every licensee shall file a report with the authority:

- (a) in the form and manner required by the authority; and
- (b) containing any information the authority may require, including:
 - (i) the dates on which and the places at which lottery schemes were conducted by the licensee;
 - (ii) the accounts relating to the conduct of the lottery scheme; and
 - (iii) the disposition of the proceeds of the lottery scheme.

(2) Unless the authority otherwise requires, subsection (1) does not apply to a licensee whose licence was issued by a local authority.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.143.

PART VII Gaming

Authorization to work

144(1) No person shall work as a gaming employee unless that person:

- (a) has been granted a certificate of registration by the authority that authorizes him or her to work as a gaming employee; or
- (b) is exempted by the regulations from the requirement to obtain a certificate of registration to work as a gaming employee.

- (2) No person shall act as a gaming regulator unless that person:
- (a) has been granted a certificate of registration by the authority that authorizes him or her to act as a gaming regulator; or
 - (b) is exempted by the regulations from the requirement to obtain a certificate of registration to act as a gaming regulator.
- (3) No person shall act as a supplier unless that person:
- (a) has been granted a certificate of registration by the authority that authorizes him or her to act as a supplier; or
 - (b) is exempted by the regulations from the requirement to obtain a certificate of registration to act as a supplier.
- (4) No person is eligible to be elected or appointed to act as a gaming director unless that person:
- (a) has been granted a certificate of registration by the authority that authorizes him or her to act as a gaming director; or
 - (b) is exempted by the regulations from the requirement to obtain a certificate of registration to act as a gaming director.
- (5) Any person who seeks information from the authority as to whether a person is registered pursuant to this Act is entitled to that information without delay and without payment of any fee.

2005, c.3, s.15 and s.16.

Application to be registered

145 Any person who applies to the authority to be registered as a gaming employee, gaming regulator, supplier or gaming director shall:

- (a) apply in a form acceptable to the authority; and
- (b) provide any information that the authority may require.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.145; 2005, c.3, s.17 and s.18.

Interpretation re section 146

145.1(1) For the purposes of this section and section 146:

“affiliate” means an affiliate within the meaning of *The Business Corporations Act*; (« *affilié* »)

“applicant” means an applicant who applies for a certificate of registration as a supplier; (« *demandeur* »)

“principal” means, with respect to an applicant or registered supplier:

- (a) every partner of the partnership, if the applicant or registered supplier is a partnership;
- (b) every officer and director of the corporation, if the applicant or registered supplier is a corporation;

- (c) every employee of the applicant or registered supplier who has the authority to set management policies, enter into contracts or exercise authority on behalf of the applicant or registered supplier with respect to the operations, finances or sales of the applicant or registered supplier or with respect to the applicant's or registered supplier's compliance with gaming laws; and
- (d) every affiliate of the applicant or registered supplier, including:
 - (i) every officer and director of the affiliate; and
 - (ii) every employee of the affiliate who has the authority to set management policies, enter into contracts or exercise authority on behalf of the affiliate with respect to the operations, finances or sales of the affiliate or with respect to the affiliate's compliance with gaming laws; (« *mandant* »)

“registered supplier” means a person to whom a certificate of registration has been granted for the purpose of acting as a supplier. (« *fournisseur inscrit* »)

- (2) For the purposes of this section and section 146, a person is interested in an applicant, registered supplier or principal if, in the authority's opinion, the person:
 - (a) has a beneficial interest in the applicant, registered supplier or principal or in the applicant's or registered supplier's business;
 - (b) has the power to influence, directly or indirectly, the applicant, registered supplier or principal or the applicant's or registered supplier's business; or
 - (c) has provided financing, directly or indirectly, to the applicant, registered supplier or principal or to the applicant's or registered supplier's business.

2002, c.42, s.25.

Requirements for registration

146(1) If a person applies:

- (a) to be registered as a gaming employee, the authority shall not grant a certificate of registration to that person unless, in the authority's opinion, the applicant:
 - (i) is of good character; and
 - (ii) has suitable training or experience;
- (b) to be registered as a gaming regulator, the authority shall not grant a certificate of registration to that person unless, in the authority's opinion, the applicant:
 - (i) is of good character; and
 - (ii) has suitable training or experience;

- (c) to be registered as a supplier, the authority shall not grant a certificate of registration to that person unless, in the authority's opinion:
- (i) the applicant:
 - (A) is of good character;
 - (B) has demonstrated financial responsibility; and
 - (C) is capable of supplying gaming supplies or services or non-gaming supplies or services that are suitable for the purpose for which those supplies or services are to be provided; and
 - (ii) the principal and every person interested in the applicant or the principal:
 - (A) are of good character; and
 - (B) have demonstrated financial responsibility; or
- (d) to be registered as a gaming director, the authority shall not grant a certificate of registration to that person unless, in the authority's opinion, the applicant:
- (i) is of good character; and
 - (ii) has suitable training or experience.
- (1.1) The authority may make inquiries and conduct investigations with respect to the character, financial responsibility and capability of any or all of the following persons:
- (a) an applicant, principal or person interested in an applicant or principal;
 - (b) a registered supplier, principal or person interested in a registered supplier or principal;
 - (c) an associate or employee of any person mentioned in clause (a) or (b).
- (1.2) Subject to the regulations, an applicant or registered supplier shall pay to the authority the reasonable costs of any inquiry or investigation that the authority makes or conducts in accordance with subsection (1.1).
- (2) If the regulations require that a person be bonded, the authority shall not issue a certificate of registration to that person until he or she is bonded in accordance with the regulations.
- (3) Subject to subsections (1) and (2), the authority may:
- (a) register and grant certificates of registration in the form provided by the authority to persons who have applied to be registered and set the terms of the registration of those persons; or
 - (b) if the application is for a renewal, renew a certificate of registration granted pursuant to clause (a) and set the terms of that renewal.
- (4) No registered gaming employee shall fail to comply with the conditions set out in clause (1)(a) for the term for which his or her certificate of registration is granted.

- (5) No registered gaming regulator shall fail to comply with the conditions set out in clause (1)(b) for the term for which his or her certificate of registration is granted.
- (6) No registered supplier shall fail to comply with the conditions set out in clause (1)(c) for the term for which his or her certificate of registration is granted.
- (7) No registered gaming director shall fail to comply with the conditions set out in clause (1)(d) for the term for which his or her certificate of registration is granted.
- (8) The authority may amend, vary, or repeal and substitute any terms imposed pursuant to clause (3)(a) or (b) or impose new terms after a certificate of registration is granted or renewed, as the case may be.
- (9) Within 15 days after being notified of a decision by the authority to impose terms on a certificate of registration pursuant to subsection (8), a registrant may apply for a review of those terms by the commission.
- (10) Sections 30 and 31 apply, with any necessary modification, to an application for review pursuant to subsection (9).

2005, c.3, s.19 and s.20; 2014, c.7, s.51.

Reports to be filed

147 Every person who is registered as a gaming employee, gaming regulator, supplier or gaming director shall file a report with the authority:

- (a) in the form and manner required by the authority; and
- (b) containing any information that the authority may require, including:
 - (i) in the case of a gaming employee:
 - (A) the records and other documents relating to his or her employment as a gaming employee; and
 - (B) the names of those persons who have employed the registrant as a gaming employee;
 - (ii) in the case of a gaming regulator, the records and other documents relating to his or her status as a gaming regulator;
 - (iii) in the case of a supplier:
 - (A) the accounts relating to his or her business as a supplier; and
 - (B) the names of those persons with whom the registrant has done business in his or her capacity as a supplier; and
 - (iv) in the case of a gaming director, the records and other documents relating to his or her status as a gaming director.

2005, c.3, s.21 and s.22.

PART VII.1
When Operators May Refuse Persons Access to Casinos

Interpretation of Part

147.1 In this Part:

“operator” means the Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation, the Saskatchewan Indian Gaming Authority or an exhibition casino operator, and includes an employee of any of them; (« *exploitant* »)

“self-exclusion program” means a program offered by an operator pursuant to which a person participating in the program may instruct the operator to refuse the person access to any casino operated by that operator. (« *programme d’autoexclusion* »)

2005, c.3, s.23.

Right to refuse access to casino

147.2(1) If an operator of a casino has reason to believe that the presence of a person in the casino is undesirable:

(a) the operator may ask the person to leave the casino immediately for a period of not less than the remainder of that day; and

(b) if the operator considers it appropriate to deny the person access to the casino for a period greater than the remainder of that day, on written notice delivered to the person, the operator may deny the person access to any casino in Saskatchewan operated by that operator for any period specified in the notice.

(2) An operator shall notify the authority in writing of any person whom the operator has refused access to a casino for any period greater than 14 consecutive days.

(3) An operator of a casino shall refuse a person access to the casino or ask a person to leave the casino immediately:

(a) if the operator is aware that the person is prohibited from entering a casino in Saskatchewan through participation in a self-exclusion program; or

(b) in any other circumstances that may be prescribed in the regulations.

2005, c.3, s.23.

Application for review by commission

147.3(1) A person who has been denied access to a casino pursuant to clause 147.2(1)(b) may apply to the commission for a review of the operator’s decision.

(2) Section 31 applies, with any necessary modification, to an application for review pursuant to this section.

2005, c.3, s.23.

Prohibitions

147.4 No person shall:

- (a) remain in a casino after he or she has been asked by the operator to leave the casino;
- (b) if the person has been asked by the operator to leave a casino pursuant to clause 147.2(1)(a), re-enter or attempt to re-enter that casino again that day;
- (c) if the person has received written notice pursuant to clause 147.2(1)(b), enter or attempt to enter any casino in Saskatchewan:
 - (i) subject to subclause (ii), within the period specified in the notice; or
 - (ii) on review by the commission, within any period set by the commission;
- (d) while prohibited through participation in a self-exclusion program, enter or attempt to enter any casino in Saskatchewan.

2005, c.3, s.23.

PART VIII
Horse Racing

Saskatchewan Horse Racing and Breeding Advisory Board

148(1) The minister may appoint a board to be known as the Saskatchewan Horse Racing and Breeding Advisory Board, consisting of the persons appointed as members by the minister.

(2) The minister may designate one member of the board as chairperson and another member as vice-chairperson.

(3) The board may advise the minister or the authority respecting any matter relating to horse racing or the operation of racetracks.

(4) The board shall advise the minister or the authority respecting any matter referred to it by the minister or the authority.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.148.

PART IX
Procedure

DIVISION 1
Enforcement Powers

Arrest without warrant

149 Any officer may arrest, without warrant, any person whom he or she finds committing an offence against this Act or the regulations.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.149.

Power to demand names, etc.

150(1) Where an officer has entered premises and seized beverage alcohol, the officer may demand the name and address of any person found in the premises.

(2) Where the person fails or refuses to provide his or her name and address or provides a name and address that the officer has reasonable grounds to believe are false, the officer may apprehend that person without warrant and bring him or her as soon as possible before a justice.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.150.

Search with warrant

151(1) A justice may issue a warrant to search a place or premises named in the warrant and seize anything that may be evidence of an offence against this Act or the regulations or a breach of a term of a certificate of registration on the oath of an officer that there are reasonable grounds to believe that:

(a) an offence against this Act or the regulations has occurred and that beverage alcohol is being kept for sale or disposal contrary to this Act or the regulations in the place or premises; or

(b) an offence against this Act or the regulations or a breach of a term of a certificate of registration has occurred and evidence of that offence or breach is likely to be found in the place or premises.

(2) An officer with a warrant issued pursuant to subsection (1) may:

(a) enter and search any place or premises named in the warrant;

(b) open and examine any trunk, box, bag, parcel, closet, cupboard or receptacle that he or she finds in the place or premises named in the warrant;

(c) seize anything that may be evidence of an offence against this Act or the regulations or a breach of a term of a certificate of registration; and

(d) seize and remove any beverage alcohol and the containers in which it is found that may have been kept for sale or obtained in contravention of this Act or the regulations.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.151.

Search with warrant re conveyance

152(1) In this section and in section 154, “**conveyance**” includes a vehicle, aircraft, boat or other means of transport. (*«moyen de transport»*)

(2) A justice may issue a warrant to search a conveyance named in the warrant and seize anything that may be evidence of an offence against this Act or the regulations on the oath of an officer that there are reasonable grounds to believe that:

(a) an offence against this Act or the regulations has occurred; and

(b) evidence of an offence is likely to be found in the conveyance.

- (3) An officer with a warrant issued pursuant to subsection (2) may:
- (a) enter and search any conveyance named in the warrant;
 - (b) open and examine any trunk, box, bag, parcel, closet, cupboard or receptacle that he or she finds in the conveyance named in the warrant;
 - (c) seize anything that may be evidence of an offence against this Act or the regulations; and
 - (d) seize and remove any beverage alcohol and the containers in which it is found.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.152.

Search without warrant

153(1) In this section and in section 154, “**exigent circumstances**” means circumstances in which an officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the delay necessary to obtain a warrant pursuant to section 151 or 152 would result in danger to human life or safety or the loss, removal or destruction of evidence. (*situation urgente*)

(2) Subject to subsection (3), an officer may exercise any of the powers mentioned in subsection 151(2) or 152(3) without a warrant issued pursuant to that section if the conditions for obtaining the warrant exist and there are exigent circumstances.

(3) No officer shall enter a private place within the meaning of clause 106(1)(a) without a warrant issued pursuant to section 151 or 152 unless the occupant of the private place consents to the entry.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.153.

Search and seizure of conveyance

154(1) An officer may seize any conveyance in which he or she finds beverage alcohol that the officer believes, on reasonable grounds, is intended for sale or has been purchased or obtained in contravention of this Act:

- (a) with a warrant issued pursuant to section 151 or 152; or
 - (b) where conditions for obtaining a warrant exist but there are exigent circumstances.
- (2) Where a conveyance is seized pursuant to subsection (1), the officer shall immediately notify the authority of the seizure and the circumstances under which the seizure occurred.
- (3) If a conveyance is seized pursuant to subsection (1) and the owner or person in possession of the conveyance at the time it was seized is charged with the commission of an offence pursuant to this Act, he or she is responsible for all costs associated with the seizure and storage of the conveyance.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.154; 2014, c.7, s.53.

DIVISION 2
Forfeiture

Conveyances

155(1) Where a conveyance is seized pursuant to section 154 and the owner or person in possession of the conveyance at the time it was seized is charged with the commission of an offence pursuant to this Act, a justice may order that the conveyance be held until the charge has been disposed of by the courts.

(2) If an owner or person in possession mentioned in subsection (1) is convicted of an offence pursuant to this Act, other than an offence pursuant to section 125 or 126, the justice, having regard to all of the circumstances and in addition to any other penalty imposed, may order that the conveyance be forfeited to the Crown if the justice is satisfied that the conveyance was used in connection with the commission of the offence.

(3) An order for forfeiture does not affect any interest of a party who has:

- (a) not participated in the commission of the offence; and
- (b) exercised reasonable care to satisfy himself or herself that the conveyance was not likely to be used in connection with the commission of an offence pursuant to this Act.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.155; 2014, c.7, s.54.

Disposition of seized beverage alcohol

156(1) In this section, “**beverage alcohol**” means beverage alcohol and the container in which the beverage alcohol was present at the time the beverage alcohol was seized pursuant to this Act. (*«boisson alcoolisée»*)

(2) Where beverage alcohol is seized pursuant to this Act, any person claiming to be the owner of the beverage alcohol may apply in writing to the authority, within 60 days after the seizure, for release to him or her of the beverage alcohol.

(3) An applicant who applies pursuant to subsection (2) shall set out in the application the facts on which the claim is based.

(4) On receipt of an application pursuant to subsection (2), the authority may:

- (a) release the beverage alcohol to the applicant; or
- (b) if it is not satisfied that the beverage alcohol should be released, refuse to release the beverage alcohol.

(5) Where the authority has refused to release beverage alcohol to an applicant, the applicant may apply to a justice for an order releasing the beverage alcohol to the applicant.

(6) An applicant who proposes to apply pursuant to subsection (5) shall give notice in writing of the proposed application to the authority prior to making the application.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.156; 2008, c.8, s.28.

Application to justice

157(1) Where an application has been made to a justice pursuant to section 156, the justice may:

- (a) order that all or part of the beverage alcohol be held until the charge has been disposed of by the courts where the owner or person in possession of the beverage alcohol at the time it was seized is charged with the commission of an offence pursuant to this Act; or
- (b) in any other case, order that a hearing into the matter of the disposition of the beverage alcohol be held and fix a date for the hearing.

(2) Where an order is made pursuant to clause (1)(a), the applicant may reapply to a justice after the charge has been disposed of by the courts without further notice to the authority, and the justice may determine the matter of disposition of the beverage alcohol.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.157.

Authority may show cause for forfeiture

158 The authority may appear at a hearing held pursuant to section 157 and present evidence to show cause why all or any part of the beverage alcohol should be forfeited to the Crown in right of Saskatchewan.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.158.

Powers of justice

159(1) Where the owner or person in possession mentioned in section 157 is convicted of an offence pursuant to this Act, the justice, having regard to all of the circumstances, may order:

- (a) that all or any part of the beverage alcohol be forfeited to the Crown in right of Saskatchewan; or
- (b) that all or any part of the beverage alcohol be released to the applicant.

(2) Where the justice is satisfied that cause has been shown by the authority that all or any part of the beverage alcohol should be forfeited to the Crown in right of Saskatchewan, the justice shall order that all or that part, as the case may be, of the beverage alcohol be forfeited to the Crown in right of Saskatchewan.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.159.

Forfeiture

160(1) Unless the owner of beverage alcohol applies to the authority within the time mentioned in section 156, the beverage alcohol and the containers containing the beverage alcohol shall be immediately forfeited and shall be conclusively deemed to be forfeited to the Crown in right of Saskatchewan.

(2) A certificate of forfeiture issued by the authority, without proof of signature, is, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, proof that an application was not made within the time limited by section 156.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.160.

Alcohol shipped in fictitious name

161 If it appears to the justice that beverage alcohol was consigned to some person in a fictitious name, or was shipped as other goods, or was covered or concealed in a manner that would probably render discovery of the nature of the contents of the vessel, cask or container in which the beverage alcohol was contained more difficult, that fact is admissible, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, as proof that the beverage alcohol was intended to be sold or kept for sale or to be kept in contravention of this Act, or was bought or obtained in contravention of this Act.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.161.

Disposal of beverage alcohol forfeited

162 All beverage alcohol forfeited to the Crown shall be sold or otherwise disposed of in accordance with any directions of the authority.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.162; 2014, c.7, s.56.

Schedule forwarded

163 When an officer seizes beverage alcohol pursuant to any provision of this Act, the officer shall immediately prepare a schedule of the beverage alcohol and forward the schedule to the authority.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.163.

**DIVISION 3
Court Matters**

Notice of certificates

164 No certificate that is allowed by this Act to be introduced in any proceeding or trial is to be received in evidence in that proceeding or trial unless, before that proceeding or trial, any person who is adversely affected by that certificate has received:

- (a) reasonable notice that the certificate will be introduced; and
- (b) a copy of the certificate.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.164.

Describing offences in information

165 In describing offences respecting the sale or other disposal of beverage alcohol or the keeping or the consumption of beverage alcohol in any information, summons, conviction, warrant or proceeding pursuant to this Act:

- (a) it is sufficient to simply state the sale, disposal, keeping or consumption of beverage alcohol, without stating the name or kind of beverage alcohol or the price of it or the name of any person to whom it was sold or disposed of or by whom it was consumed; and
- (b) it is not necessary to state the quantity of beverage alcohol sold, disposed of, kept or consumed except in the case of offences where the quantity is essential, and, in that case, it is sufficient to allege the sale or disposal of more or less than the quantity that the case requires.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.165.

Proof of previous convictions

166 A certificate of a previous conviction purporting to be under the hand of the convicting justice or the local registrar of the Court of Queen's Bench or other court officer to whose office the conviction has been returned is admissible, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, as proof of the facts stated in the certificate without proof of signature or official character.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.166.

Conviction for several offences

167(1) Convictions for several offences may be made pursuant to this Act even though the offences have been committed on the same day, but the increased penalty or punishment imposed in this Act is to be incurred or awarded only in the case of offences committed on different days and after an information is laid for a first offence.

(2) Where the penalty that may be imposed on a conviction for a second or subsequent offence against this Act is greater than for a first offence, a conviction pursuant to any former *Alcohol and Gaming Regulation Act*, *Liquor Act* or *Liquor Licensing Act* is deemed to be, respecting the imposition of the penalty, a first conviction for a like offence pursuant to this Act.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.167.

Proof of licence

168 A certificate issued by the authority stating the following is admissible, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, as proof of the facts stated in the certificate without proof of the appointment or signature of the person purporting to have signed it:

- (a) that a licence, permit, horse-racing licence or certificate of registration has been issued;
- (b) that no licence, permit, horse-racing licence or certificate of registration has been issued.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.168.

Certificate of analyst

169(1) The authority may appoint any person as an analyst for the purpose of analyzing beverage alcohol pursuant to this Act.

(2) The authority may establish the form of the certificate of analysis to be issued by an analyst appointed pursuant to subsection (1).

(3) In every prosecution pursuant to this Act, a certificate of analysis purporting to be signed by a person appointed an analyst for the purpose of analyzing beverage alcohol is admissible, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, as proof of the facts stated in the certificate and of the authority of the person issuing the certificate without proof of appointment or signature of the person purporting to have signed it.

(4) For the purposes of this Act, any liquid or substance that contains more than 0.5% by volume of alcohol is conclusively deemed to be intoxicating and a certificate of analysis made pursuant to this section stating that a liquid or substance contains more than 1% by volume of alcohol is admissible, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, as proof that the liquid or substance is beverage alcohol.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.169.

Inference respecting beverage alcohol

170 The justice trying a case may, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, infer that any liquid or substance in question is beverage alcohol within the meaning of this Act from the fact that a witness describes it as beverage alcohol or liquor or by a name that is commonly applied to beverage alcohol.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.170.

Proof of contravention

171 In proving the purchase, sale or gratuitous or other disposal or consumption of beverage alcohol for the purposes of a proceeding respecting an offence pursuant to this Act, it is not necessary to show that money passed or that beverage alcohol was consumed, if the justice hearing the case is satisfied that a transaction in the nature of a sale or other disposal took place or that any consumption of beverage alcohol was about to take place.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.171.

Precise description unnecessary

172 In a prosecution for the sale or other disposal of beverage alcohol in contravention of this Act, it is not necessary that any witness depose directly to the precise description of the beverage alcohol sold or bartered or to the precise consideration for the beverage alcohol.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.172.

PART X
Property, Accounts and Finance

Moneys and property belong to Saskatchewan

173 All property, whether real or personal, and all moneys acquired, administered, possessed or received by the authority, and all profits earned in the administration of this Act and the regulations are the property of the Crown.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.173; 2014, c.7, s.58.

Insuring properties

174 The authority may cause any property mentioned in section 173 to be insured against loss by fire or from any other cause.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.174.

Bonding of employees

175 All persons employed by the authority who receive or disburse moneys in the course of their employment shall be bonded in those amounts that may be required by the authority for accounting for money or goods that may come into their hands or under their control.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.175.

Loans

176(1) The authority, with the approval of the Minister of Finance, may borrow money from any bank governed by the *Bank Act* (Canada) on those terms and with those times of repayment that the authority thinks advisable and necessary.

(2) The Lieutenant Governor in Council may, from time to time, and on any terms as are deemed expedient, authorize the guarantee by the Minister of Finance, on behalf of the Government of Saskatchewan, of the repayment of all moneys borrowed by the authority pursuant to this section.

(3) A guarantee given pursuant to subsection (2) renders the Government of Saskatchewan liable for the repayment of the moneys borrowed, and is conclusive evidence of the liability of the government.

(4) The Minister of Finance is authorized to advance out of the general revenue fund amounts that are necessary for the purpose of discharging, in whole or in part, all or any liabilities of the authority guaranteed pursuant to subsection (2).

(5) Any moneys advanced pursuant to subsection (4) shall be repaid by the authority in those amounts and at those times that the Minister of Finance may decide, and until paid bear interest, for credit to the general revenue fund, at any rate that may be determined by the Minister of Finance.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.176.

Bank account

177 All moneys received by the authority for the purposes of or in the administration of this Act shall be deposited in a financial institution to be designated by the Minister of Finance to the credit of the authority.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.177.

All moneys payable to the authority

178(1) All moneys payable by any person pursuant to this Act as fees for the issuing of licences, horse-racing licences, horse-racing registrations, permits or certificates of registration shall be paid to the authority and not to the commission, and all revenues derived from the sale of beverage alcohol or any other source pursuant to this Act shall be paid to the authority.

(2) All moneys in the hands of or standing to the credit of the authority and all property, real and personal, controlled or possessed by or standing in the name of the commission shall be transferred to the authority in that manner and on those terms that Treasury Board may direct.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.178.

Expenses to be charged against receipts

179 The authority shall pay from the moneys received by it pursuant to this Act:

- (a) the expenses, debts and liabilities of the authority in carrying out its duties and exercising its powers pursuant to this Act;
- (b) the expenses, debts and liabilities of the commission in carrying out its duties and exercising its powers pursuant to this Act;
- (c) the salaries or remuneration of members of the authority and members of the commission; and
- (d) with the approval of Treasury Board, all other expenses relating in any manner to the matters mentioned in this Act.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.179.

Treasury Board orders and directives

180 Treasury Board may make orders and issue directives with regard to the financial conduct of the administration of this Act by the authority that it considers expedient.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.180.

Books and accounts

181(1) The fiscal year of the authority is the period commencing on April 1 in one year and ending on March 31 in the following year.

(2) The Provincial Auditor, or any other auditor or firm of auditors that the Lieutenant Governor in Council may appoint, shall audit the accounts and financial statements of the authority annually and at any other time that the Lieutenant Governor in Council may require.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.181.

Disposition of profits of the authority

182(1) Treasury Board may, at any time, direct that all or any portion of the retained earnings of the authority be transferred to the general revenue fund.

(2) The authority shall pay to the Minister of Finance, on the minister's requisition, the retained earnings directed to be transferred pursuant to subsection (1).

(3) The authority may advance to the Minister of Finance amounts on account of moneys payable to the Minister of Finance pursuant to subsection (2).

(4) Treasury Board may, at any time, direct that a portion of the retained earnings of the authority may be set aside for the creation of a reserve fund to meet any loss that may be incurred, or to finance any anticipated extraordinary capital expenditure.

(5) Where Treasury Board has not determined the disposition of the whole or any portion of the retained earnings of the authority, pursuant to subsection (1) or (4), the authority may:

(a) from time to time, advance to the Minister of Finance amounts for deposit in the general revenue fund; or

(b) with the approval of the Investment Board, invest amounts in any of the classes of securities in which moneys may be invested pursuant to *The Financial Administration Act, 1993*.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.182.

Annual statement and report

183(1) In each fiscal year the authority, in accordance with section 13 of *The Executive Government Administration Act*, shall prepare and submit to the minister:

(a) a report of the authority on its business for the preceding fiscal year; and

(b) a financial statement showing the business of the authority for the preceding fiscal year in any form that may be required by Treasury Board.

(2) The minister, in accordance with section 13 of *The Executive Government Administration Act* shall lay before the Legislative Assembly each report and statement received by him or her pursuant to subsection (1).

1997, c.A-18.011, s.183; 2014, c.11, s.9.

PART XI
General

Oath of office

184 Every member of the commission and every member and employee of the authority shall take the oath of office prescribed in the regulations.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.184.

Regulations

185(1) The Lieutenant Governor in Council may make regulations:

- (a) defining, enlarging or restricting the meaning of any word or expression used in this Act but not defined in this Act;
- (a.1) prescribing persons or classes of persons as gaming regulators;
- (b) respecting classes of permits and the rights, terms and obligations respecting each class of permits;
- (c) respecting the powers of the authority to issue classes of permits;
- (d) respecting the terms under which the authority may issue certain permits or grant certain endorsements or transfers of permits;
- (e) respecting the power of the authority to set additional terms respecting individual permits or endorsements or classes of permits or endorsements;
- (e.1) for the purposes of subsection 19(3), prescribing the procedures to be followed and the conditions pursuant to which the authority may establish a sealed bid process in the allocation of off-sale endorsements;
- (f) respecting the powers of the authority to suspend or cancel individual permits or endorsements;
- (f.1) prescribing penalties that may be assessed by the authority or the commission;
- (f.2) respecting the forms to be used for an application for review or an application for an oral hearing;
- (g) **Repealed.** 2008, c.8, s.29.
- (h) respecting the information required to be supplied by an applicant for a permit, endorsement or transfer of a permit and the forms to be used for the application;
- (h.1) prescribing notice requirements for the purposes of clause 62(3)(b);
- (i) limiting the quantities of any item mentioned in clauses 90(b) to (e) that may be sold by any person mentioned in those clauses;
- (j) prescribing the particulars to be provided by an applicant on an application for a licence;
- (k) determining the duration of licences or permits issued pursuant to this Act;
- (l) prescribing terms respecting licences, permits or endorsements issued pursuant to this Act;

- (m) prescribing restrictions respecting authority of permittees to purchase, keep and sell beverage alcohol;
- (n) prescribing the manner in which the restocking fee mentioned in subsection 65(2) is calculated;
- (o) respecting endorsements of rights and restrictions to be placed on permits;
 - (o.1) prescribing reviewable endorsements for the purpose of this Act;
 - (o.2) prescribing the grounds respecting an objection for the purposes of subsections 26(1.1), 29(3) and 63(6);
- (p) respecting permits relating to premises that are destroyed;
- (q) respecting permits where any permittee has died;
 - (q.1) prescribing the circumstances in which the authority may authorize the transfer of a permit in accordance with section 69.1;
 - (q.2) respecting the powers of the authority to grant a transfer of a permit;
 - (q.3) prescribing terms and conditions on permits and reviewable endorsements that are transferred pursuant to section 69.1;
 - (q.4) respecting the power of the authority to set additional terms and conditions respecting permits that are transferred pursuant to section 69.1;
 - (q.5) respecting the information required to be supplied by an applicant for a transfer of a permit and the forms to be used for the application;
- (r) prescribing and requiring returns by manufacturers;
- (s) authorizing the presence of persons in permitted premises;
- (t) prescribing the area and seating capacity for permitted premises;
- (u) providing for the possession, sale and keeping for sale of beverage alcohol for compounding purposes;
- (v) prescribing the fees:
 - (i) for licences, permits and endorsements, for applications for licences, permits, endorsements and transfers of permits and any other fees required to be paid by licensees or permittees;
 - (ii) to be paid by applicants for certificates of registration;
 - (iii) payable for any goods, materials or services provided by the authority to any person; and
 - (iv) for the purposes of clause 31(1)(c), payable to the commission respecting applications for review;
- (w) prescribing the qualifications of club premises respecting permits issued to clubs pursuant to this Act;
- (x) prescribing the quantities and manner of sale of beverage alcohol in closed containers;
 - (x.1) prescribing beverage alcohol or classes of beverage alcohol for the purposes of subsection 74(2);

- (x.2) prescribing permits or classes of permits for the purposes of clause 75(5)(a);
- (y) prescribing the maximum amounts and types of beverage alcohol that may be kept, dispensed, used or sold or prescribed by the holder of a medical use permit;
- (z) prescribing terms respecting the purchase of beverage alcohol from the authority and sale of beverage alcohol by franchises;
- (z.01) for the purposes of section 116.2, governing the circumstances in which persons may bring and consume their own wine at a permitted premises, including prescribing the class or classes of permits with respect to which the section applies;
- (z.1) prescribing permittees for the purpose of subsection 129(2);
- (aa) prescribing an oath of office for members of the commission and members and employees of the authority;
- (bb) prescribing the tolerance period for consumption of beverage alcohol served in a permitted premises prior to the closing hour;
- (cc) prescribing the days and hours during which beverage alcohol may be sold by a permittee;
- (dd) prescribing the days and hours during which a permittee may open his or her permitted premises;
- (ee) providing for the operation of a hospitality suite by a manufacturer;
- (ff) prescribing the amounts of beverage alcohol permitted to be kept by the governing body of a hospital without a permit;
- (gg) prescribing the kinds of beverage alcohol that may be sold by the container by a permittee;
- (hh) respecting any aspect or matter relating to the manufacture of beverage alcohol;
- (ii) prescribing standards with which brewers associations that sell or deliver beer pursuant to section 91 must comply;
- (jj) requiring registrants or categories of registrants to be bonded;
- (jj.1) respecting classes of certificates of registration and the rights, terms, conditions and obligations respecting each class;
- (jj.2) respecting the powers of the authority to issue classes of certificates of registration;
- (kk) prescribing the circumstances in which a person to whom a licence is issued for the operation or conduct and management of a lottery scheme is required to be registered as gaming employee, supplier or gaming director;

- (ll) prescribing:
 - (i) the lottery schemes that may be conducted and managed by the authority on behalf of the Government of Saskatchewan; and
 - (ii) the games, operations and gaming equipment to be used in the conduct of the lottery schemes;
- (mm) fixing a maximum number of gaming establishments or any category of gaming establishments that may operate in Saskatchewan or any part of Saskatchewan;
- (nn) exempting any person or category of persons from this Act or any provision of this Act, including exempting any person or category of persons from the requirement to obtain a certificate of registration pursuant to this Act, and prescribing the terms and conditions of any exemption;
- (nn.1) authorizing the authority to impose any additional terms and conditions on an exemption mentioned in clause (nn) and requiring compliance with those terms and conditions;
- (nn.2) respecting the costs that the authority may charge for any inquiry or investigation that the authority makes or conducts in accordance with subsection 146(1.1);
- (nn.3) respecting the power of the authority to issue certificates of registration on a temporary basis, and the terms and conditions pursuant to which the authority may issue those certificates of registration;
- (nn.4) prescribing a code of conduct and ethical behaviour for employees of the authority;
- (nn.5) for the purpose of clause 147.2(3)(b), prescribing circumstances in which an operator, within the meaning of that section, shall refuse a person access to a casino or ask a person to leave a casino immediately, prescribing the period during which that person shall be refused access to a casino and prescribing whether or not the person may apply to the commission for a review of the operator's determination in those circumstances to deny that person access to a casino;
- (oo) respecting lottery schemes operated or conducted and managed by the Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation;
- (pp) governing the Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation's operation or conduct and management of lottery schemes;
- (qq) prescribing the terms and conditions pursuant to which a supplier may supply gaming supplies or services or non-gaming supplies or services, as the case may be, to the Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation;
- (rr) respecting individuals participating in lottery schemes conducted and managed by the Saskatchewan Gaming Corporation, the Saskatchewan Indian Gaming Authority or an exhibition casino operator, including prohibiting classes of individuals from participating in lottery schemes or from being in any place where lottery schemes or any class of lottery schemes are being conducted;

- (rr.1) prescribing special use permits or classes of special use permits for the purposes of subsection 58(2.1);
 - (rr.2) prescribing special use permits or classes of special use permits for the purposes of subsection 61(4);
 - (ss) prescribing any other matter or thing that is required by this Act to be prescribed;
 - (tt) respecting any matter or thing that the Lieutenant Governor in Council considers necessary to carry out the intent of this Act.
- (2) In clauses (1)(oo) to (rr), “**lottery scheme**” means a lottery scheme conducted and managed pursuant to clause 207(1)(a) of the *Criminal Code*. («*loterie*»)

1997, c.A-18.011, s.185; 1998, c.16, s.11; 2000, c.36, s.20; 2002, c.42, s.28; 2003, c.15, s. 14; 2005, c.3, s.24; 2008, c.8, s.29; 2013, c.2, s.14; 2014, c.7, s.59.

Slot Machine Act does not apply

185.1 Section 3 of *The Slot Machine Act* does not apply to the following:

- (a) slot machines owned by the authority;
- (b) slot machines supplied by a gaming supplier for use in a casino pursuant to an agreement with the authority.

2005, c.3, s.25.

PART XII

Repeal, Transitional and Coming Into Force

186 Dispensed. This section makes consequential amendments to another Act. The amendments have been incorporated into the corresponding Act.

Transitional

187 Every licence, horse-racing licence, horse-racing registration, permit or certificate of registration issued pursuant to *The Alcohol and Gaming Regulation Act* on the day before the coming into force of section 1 of this Act continues to be valid until it is suspended, changed, revoked or invalidated pursuant to this Act.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.187.

Coming into force

188 This Act comes into force on proclamation.

1997, c.A-18.011, s.188.