

Traceability Requirements for Saskatchewan (SK) **Alcohol Manufacturers**

Effective September 1, 2020

Policy

- All Saskatchewan (SK) Alcohol Manufacturers are required to meet traceability requirements, as outlined in *The Safe Food for Canadians Regulations (SFCR)*.
 - SLGA has adopted the Canadian Food Inspection Agency (CFIA) traceability requirements to apply to all SK Alcohol Manufacturers.

Definitions

- Traceability: The ability to effectively track the production and movement of alcohol.
- Lot/batch coding: refers to a coding system that can be used to identify the specific lot/batch that was manufactured, prepared, produced, stored, graded, packaged and labelled under the same conditions.
 - The lot/batch code can be numeric, alphabetic or alphanumeric.
 - The lot/batch code are to be included on individual units of finished product (ie: bottle, can, keg, etc).

General Requirements

- The traceability documents are to:
 - Identify the alcohol: the common name of the alcohol, the name and address of the producer who manufactured, prepared, produced, stored, packaged and labelled the alcohol, and the lot/batch code to trace the alcohol;
 - Identify and trace back the ingredients used to make the alcohol, including where they were sourced and the date on which they were received;
 - Identify and trace the alcohol sold to a business, including the date on which it was shipped/ received;
 - SK Craft Alcohol Producers are not required to document individual consumers that purchased the alcohol.
 - Be retained for at least 2 years.

Note: For further details on general record keeping requirements, see *Record Keeping Requirements for Saskatchewan (SK) Alcohol Manufacturers policy*.